

AGENDA

SPECIAL MEETING BUDGET/AUDIT COMMITTEE

Tuesday, January 26, 2021

2:30 p.m.

*** NEW LOCATION***

This meeting is being held in accordance with the Brown Act as currently in effect under the State Emergency Services Act, the Governor's Emergency Declaration related to COVID-19 and the Governor's Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20 that allow members of the City Council, City staff and the public to participate and conduct a meeting by teleconference, videoconference or both. In order to comply with public health orders, the requirement to provide a physical location for members of the public to participate in the meeting has been suspended.

Committee Members

Jeff Wan Holly Tillman

- A complete packet of information containing staff reports and exhibits related to each public item is available
 for public review on the City's website at www.ci.clayton.ca.us
- Agendas are posted at: 1) City Hall, 6000 Heritage Trail; 2) Library, 6125 Clayton Road; 3) Ohm's Bulletin Board, 1028 Diablo Street, Clayton; and 4) City Website at www.ci.clayton.ca.us
- Any writings or documents provided to a majority of the City Council after distribution of the Agenda Packet and regarding any public item on this Agenda is available for review on the City's website at www.ci.clayton.ca.us
- If you have a physical impairment that requires special accommodations to participate, please call the City Clerk's office at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting at (925) 673-7300.

Agenda January 26, 2021 Page 1

Instructions for Virtual Budget/Audit Committee Meeting – January 26

To protect our residents, officials, and staff, and aligned with the Governor's executive order to Shelter-at-Home, this meeting is being conducted utilizing teleconferencing means consistent with State order that that allows the public to address the local legislative body electronically.

To follow or participate in the meeting:

Phone-in: Once registered, you will receive an e-mail with instructions to join the meeting telephonically, and then dial Telephone: 877 853 5257 (Toll Free)

2. using the Webinar ID and Password found in the e-mail.

E-mail Public Comments: If preferred, please e-mail public comments to the City Clerk, Ms. Calderon at <u>icalderon@ci.clayton.ca.us</u> by noon on the day of the Budget/Audit Committee meeting. All E-mail Public Comments will be forwarded to the entire Budget/Audit Committee.

For those who choose to attend the meeting via videoconferencing or telephone shall have 3 minutes for public comments.

Location:

Videoconferencing Meeting (this meeting via teleconferencing is open to the public) To join this virtual meeting on-line click here:

https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN NZX-13-nR 60q-UvwioWZA

To join on telephone, you must register in the URL above, which sends an e-mail to your inbox, and then dial (877) 853-5257 using the *Webinar ID* and *Password* found in the e-mail.

* CLAYTON BUDGET/AUDIT COMMITTEE *

January 26, 2021

2:30 P.M.

1. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL – City Clerk

2. PUBLIC COMMENT ON NON - AGENDA ITEMS

Members of the public may address the Budget/Audit Committee on items within the Committee's jurisdiction, (which are not on the agenda) at this time. To assure an orderly meeting and an equal opportunity for everyone, each speaker is limited to 3 minutes, enforced at the Budget/Audit Committee's discretion. In accordance with State Law, no action may take place on any item not appearing on the posted agenda. The Budget/Audit Committee may respond to statements made or questions asked, or may at its discretion request Staff to report back at a future meeting concerning the matter.

Public comment and input on Public Hearing, Action Items and other Agenda Items will be allowed when each item is considered by the City Council.

3. ACTION ITEMS

(a) Review the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). (Finance Director)

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Receive presentation and recommend forwarding to the full City Council for Action. (View Here)

5. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

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Agenda Item: 3(a)



STAFF REPORT

TO: BUDGET / AUDIT STANDING COMMITTEE

FROM: REINA SCHWARTZ, CITY MANAGER

PAUL RODRIGUES, CPA, FINANCE DIRECTOR

BRYCE ROJAS, CPA, AUDITOR

DATE: JANUARY 26, 2021

SUBJECT: AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF CLAYTON FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

RECOMMENDATION

Review and approve for presentation to the City Council, the City of Clayton's Annual Financial Report, including the unmodified opinion of the Independent Auditors Report, issued by Cropper Accountancy Corporation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

BACKGROUND

The City's independent audit firm, Cropper Accountancy Corporation, has issued their opinion on the City of Clayton's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (FY 2019/20). In their opinion:

"the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clayton, California as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United states of America."

It is the responsibility of City management to ensure the financial statements are presented fairly in accordance with GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles). City management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the

Subject: Audited Annual Financial Report Of The City Of Clayton For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Date: January 26, 2021

Page: 2 of 3

preparation and fair presentation of financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The responsibility of the City's independent auditors it to express opinions on the City's financial statements based on its audit performed in accordance with generally accepted audit standards (GAAS) issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) as well as generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS), or "yellow book" standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

DISCUSSION

Fund Financial Statements

General Fund

The City's adopted FY 2020/21 budget projected the City's General Fund would report an increase in of \$119,973 in fund balance by the close of FY 2019/20, reflecting the planned utilization of excess reserves for urgent non-recurring capital and operational needs approved by the City Council in four separate actions over the past five years. The audited financials show an actual increase in General Fund reserves of \$404,425 for the year ended June 30, 2020. However, a portion of this increase is due to unrealized gains on the investment portfolio (\$113,833) and as such the true amount available to be considered for addition to the Rainy Day Fund is \$290,592. This results in a total General Fund reserve balance of \$6,164,570 as of June 30, 2020, of which \$5,654,925 (91.7%) is reported as unassigned and available for appropriation. This unassigned fund balance is 1.17 times the size of the General Fund's adopted operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Other Governmental Funds

In the aggregate, excluding the General Fund, the other governmental funds of the City reported a net increase in fund balance totaling \$694,255.

- <u>HUTA Gas Tax Fund (No. 201)</u> The Highway Users Tax Account (HUTA) gas tax fund reported a net increase in fund balance of \$127,592 to a total ending fund balance of \$395,287.
- <u>RMRA Gas Tax Fund (No. 202)</u> The Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA) gas tax fund was established in FY 2017/18 as a result of the State legislature's passing of the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, also known as Senate Bill 1 (SB1). This fund reported an ending fund balance of \$428,499 as of June 30, 2020, a net increase of \$232,854.
- <u>Landscape Maintenance District Fund (No. 210)</u> This fund reported a net decrease in fund balance of \$163,049 to a total fund balance of \$1,063,587 as of June 30, 2020. Pursuant to the adopted FY 2020/21 budget, \$499,700 of this available fund balance has been assigned for upcoming Landscape Maintenance Fund operating and CIP expenditures.
- <u>The Grove Park Fund (No. 211)</u> This fund reported a net increase of \$54,117 in fund balance to a total positive ending fund balance of \$406,456.
- <u>Measure J Fund (No. 220)</u> This fund reported a net increase in fund balance of \$254,078 to a total ending fund balance of \$88,291.

Subject: Audited Annual Financial Report Of The City Of Clayton For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Date: January 26, 2021

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Endeavor Hall Enterprise Fund

Consistent with the prior year, the Endeavor Hall rental facility is the City's only "business-type" enterprise fund reported in the CAFR. The Endeavor Hall fund reported a decrease in net position of \$38,808. This resulted primarily from total depreciation expense of \$36,742 comprising 58% of FY 2019/20 operating expenses. Overall, this fund reported a positive net position balance of \$998,924, primarily due to capital investment in the rental facility land, property and equipment. However, as of June 30, 2020 Endeavor Hall continued to report a deficit unrestricted net position arising from several years of deficit operations covered temporarily by short-term General Fund cash flow loans. Going forward, the city must analyze the substantial discounts offered to non-profit organizations (up to 80%), for the rental of this facility and determine the proper fee structure needed to bring revenues in line with the costs of running the facility.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, and unlike the "modified accrual" governmental fund financial statements discussed previously, the government-wide statements report long-term assets and liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the long-run, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator or whether the financial position of the City of Clayton is improving or weakening. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the government-wide net position increased by \$505,374, with governmental activities net position increasing by \$544,182 and business activities net position decreasing by \$38,808.

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported total government-wide ending net position of \$46,259,241 of which the largest portion totaling \$30,853,858 (67%), is classified as "net investment in capital assets" and is not in liquid form. \$12,046,964 (26%) of total government-wide net position is classified as "restricted" representing resources that are subject to external restrictions on how it may be used such as restricted special parcel taxes (i.e., The Grove Park and the Landscape Maintenance District), restricted transportation taxes (HUTA, RMRA, Measure J, etc.), and other restricted-use funds. The remaining governmental net position of \$3,358,419 (7%) is reported as "unrestricted" and may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

FISCAL IMPACT

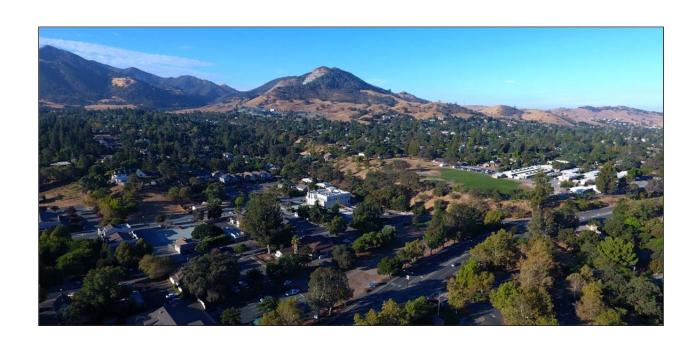
The acceptance of the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 does not have any direct fiscal impact on the City but reflects the overall financial health of the City.

Attachments:

- 1. Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Independent Auditors' Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2020
- 2. Auditors' Required Communication to Those Charged with Governance Near the End of an Audit (AU-C 260)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



CITY OF CLAYTON, CALIFORNIA

City of Clayton, California Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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COMMUNITY
DEVELOPMENT
ENGINEERING

(925) 673-7340 (925) 969-8181 6000 HERITAGE TRAIL CLAYTON, CALIFORNIA 94517-1250 TELEPHONE (925) 673-7300 FAX (925) 672-4717 CITY COUNCIL

CARL "CW" WOLFE, MAYOR

PETER CLOVEN, VICE MAYOR

JEFF WAN, COUNCILMEMBER

JIM DIAZ, COUNCILMEMBER

HOLLY TILLMAN, COUNCILMEMBER

January 14, 2021

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Clayton

We are pleased to submit the City of Clayton's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Since its incorporation, the City has submitted an annual audited Financial Report to the City Council and its citizens in accordance with *California Government Code* section 25253. The CAFR provides the public, businesses, property owners, investors and all interested parties with an overview of the City's finances.

The information in this CAFR is prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and includes an "unmodified opinion" (the highest rating) on the report by an independent certified public accounting firm, Cropper Accountancy Corporation.

Although we rely on the standards and expertise of these independent auditors, the responsibility for the accuracy and fair representation of the CAFR ultimately rests with City management. We believe the data presented in this Report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures have been included necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities.

Management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile reliable and timely information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh its benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that its financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

For readers interested in a more detailed review of the City's financial statements, a section in the CAFR called "Management Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A) has been included in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements – And Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments*. The MD&A recounts the financial highlights of the City and provides additional analyses on the variances and trends reported as part of the financial statements. The MD&A further discloses significant items impacting the financial condition of the City and is designed to be read in conjunction with this Letter of Transmittal.

City Profile

The City of Clayton was incorporated in 1964 and is located in Contra Costa County, a suburban region in the eastern portion of the San Francisco-Bay Area. Pursuant to its adopted budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the City has a permanent staff of twenty-six (26) full-time equivalent employees which serves approximately 11,700 residents in a land area of approximately 4 square miles. Nestled in a small valley at the northern base of Mt. Diablo, the boundaries of the City are mostly developed with a

City Profile, continued

strong community emphasis on open space preservation and maintenance of an extensive network of trails. The City continues to show strength as a safe community with attractive residential neighborhoods as a gateway to the fast paced and robust Bay Area economy.

The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides many essential public services to the community. The City is governed by a five-member City Council elected at large, serving staggered terms of four years. The Mayor and Vice Mayor are selected by the City Council each year from its membership and serve one-year terms. The City Council is responsible for setting policies, adopting City ordinances, resolutions, the annual budget, appointing commissions and committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney, among other key duties. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the City Council's policies, ordinances and directives, overseeing the daily operations of the City, and appointing all department heads and through them all other employees of the City.

As presented in the City's government-wide statement of activities, pursuant to GASBS 34, the City's numerous departments and restricted-use funds accounting for public services are consolidated into higher-level programs, which include: public safety, public works, parks and recreation services, community and economic development, and general government. The public safety program is composed of an in-house police department, staffed with eleven (11) full-time sworn police officers and two (2) administrative personnel dedicated to the function of police services. Public works tracks the maintenance of public landscaping (i.e. street medians and shoulders, sub-division entryways, etc.), facilities, transportation infrastructure (i.e. streets, lighting, traffic signals, etc.), as well as contract City engineering services for management of the City's Capital Improvement Program as well as land development regulatory needs. In their capacity of providing parks and recreation services, the City's inhouse maintenance department oversees the maintenance of the Clayton Community Library, the Clayton Community Park, The Grove Park, various neighborhood parks, and the historic Endeavor Hall rental facility. The community and economic development program consists of two (2) in-house staff providing planning and land-use regulatory services as well as the functions of economic development and affordable housing. Finally, the general government program reports legislative and support costs indispensable in providing in-house public services and maintains compliance an ever-expanding list of legal, fiscal and other statutory requirements imposed by the State of California.

The City's fiscal year runs from July $1_{\rm st}$ through June $30_{\rm th}$. Each year, the City Manager presents an annual budget to the City Council for adoption by Resolution on or before June 30 in accordance with *Clayton Municipal Code* section 3.02.040. On an interim basis the budget is monitored continually with the budgetary level of control maintained at the fund level.

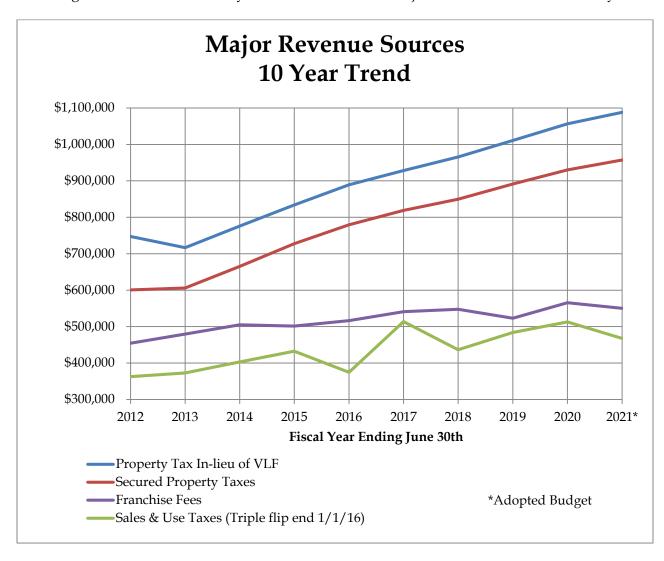
Economic Condition and Outlook

Essentially a cul-de-sac hugging the base of acclaimed Mt. Diablo, Clayton maintains a small town atmosphere while its relative proximity to California State Highway 24 and neighboring city BART stations make it ideal for commuters. In addition, the semi-rural setting, low crime rate and excellent middle and elementary public schools make Clayton attractive to families of all types.

Economic Condition and Outlook, continued

Its residents are generally highly educated with approximately 56.2% of adults greater than age 25 having a bachelor's degree or higher. In June of 2020, the unemployment rate of the City was 6.5%, compared to 13.4% and 15.1% for Contra Costa County and the State of California, respectively. In 2019 the median household income in the City was \$152,581 compared to \$80,440 for the state. The median age of Clayton residents is 46.3 as of the 2019 calendar year. The median sales price of homes in Clayton at June 30, 2020 was \$850,000. These factors bode well for the City's major sources of revenue, as property and sales & use taxes maintain all-time high levels.

In order, the City General Fund's top revenue sources are: in-lieu vehicle license fees (VLF – paid from the state's portion of property taxes); secured property taxes; franchise fees; and sales & use taxes (including the state-allocated "triple flip" prior to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017). The following chart illustrates the ten-year trend of these four major revenue sources for the City:



Altogether, these four primary revenue sources comprise 65.2% of General Fund revenues per the adopted budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. A non-recurring spike was realized in sales and use taxes four years ago in the year ended June 30, 2017 attributable to the City receiving a final true-up Triple Flip allocation from the state following the statutory dissolution of this process effective January 1, 2017. Accordingly, the following year realized a dip back to "normal" sales & use tax trend levels. In the long-run however, given the suburban composition of the City and its geographic boundaries limiting future development, management anticipates slow growth for the next ten years in sales & use taxes and franchise fees and moderate growth in property tax revenue (including in-lieu VLF property taxes received from the state). With increasing telecommunications technologies, cable-based franchise fees could be a declining or at-risk revenue, while other factors such as weather patterns and sustainable energy trends could impact similar franchise fee revenue. Given the recent U.S. Supreme Court *South Dakota v. Wayfair* ruling, it is reasonably possible the City will see an increase in sales & use tax revenue in forthcoming years with the definition of eligible taxable sales transactions now potentially including all online sales where "substantial nexus" requirements exist with online sellers in California.

Long-Term Financial Planning

As of the year ended June 30, 2020, the City of Clayton's financial condition remains sound. An indicator of financial condition is the level of fund balances, both reserved and unreserved, in the City's General Fund. The City Council has directed an absolute minimum reserve of \$250,000 as its never-to-be-expended "catastrophic reserve." In practice, due to the effectiveness in fiscal management, this policy has been easily achieved, indicating perhaps this floor requirement should be elevated in the future. However, the standing Policy Goal of the City Council is to establish and retain an undesignated reserve of 50% the annual General Fund operating budget. At June 30, 2020 the total unassigned General Fund reserve balance is \$5,654,925, or 1.17 times the size of the adopted General Fund operating budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This means in an emergency scenario, the City could operate over an entire year on reserves alone.

The City of Clayton maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP), which serves as its planning document to ensure its infrastructure is well maintained. The City prioritizes roads for maintenance and reconstruction based on the relative pavement condition index, with other infrastructure and facility improvement projects prioritized at the discretion of the City Council. Over the course of the last 10 years the City has invested approximately \$9.7 million into facility and infrastructure capital improvements, funded by Highway User Tax Apportionments (i.e. HUTA or "gas taxes"), local Measure J taxes, redevelopment property tax increment allocations (prior to the dissolution of the Clayton Redevelopment Agency in 2012), and other state and federal grants. For the upcoming fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the City's CIP is expected to invest an additional \$1.4 million into transportation and general infrastructure maintenance and improvement needs of the community.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of a CAFR cannot be accomplished without the professional, efficient and dedicated services of the Admin/Finance/Legal Department staff (in particular, Accounting Technician Jennifer Giantvalley), and the independent accounting firm of Cropper Accountancy Corporation. We also thank the honorable members of the City Council and the various departments for their cooperation and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City during the fiscal year.

Respectfully Submitted,

Paul L. Rodrigues, CPA Finance Director

P12. 700

OUR MISSION

To be of exemplary service to the Clayton community with an emphasis on:

- ➤ Health and safety
- ➤ Responsive customer service
- ➤ Highly trained team of employees
- ➤ A cooperative work environment

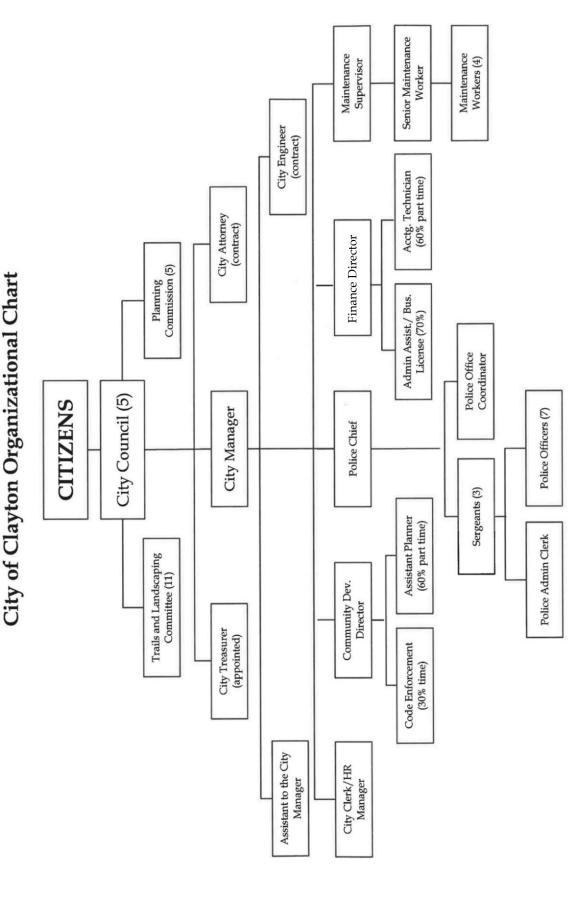
OUR VALUES

- Courtesy
- Creativity
- ➤ Diversity
- > Employee participation
- > Ethical behavior
- > Fiscal responsibility

- Inclusiveness
- Informed risk taking
- ➤ Open communication
- > Professionalism
- > Trustworthiness

OUR VISION

The City of Clayton organization will be recognized as a premier small city. Customer service will be our hallmark; organizational processes will be a model of efficiency and effectiveness; innovation will be common place; and excellence of work product will be the norm. The employees will enjoy their work environment, and each will be a valued and respected member in his or her field of work. All residents and the City Council will be proud of their City government.



DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND ADVISORY BODIES

CITY COUNCIL

Carl "CW" Wolfe, Mayor Peter Cloven, Vice Mayor Jim Diaz, Councilmember Jeff Wan, Councilmember Holly Tillman, Councilmember

COMMISSIONS

Planning Commission

COMMITTEES

Trails and Landscaping Committee

APPOINTED OFFICIALS AND DEPARTMENT HEADS

Reina Schwartz City Manager

Laura Hoffmeister Assistant to the City Manager

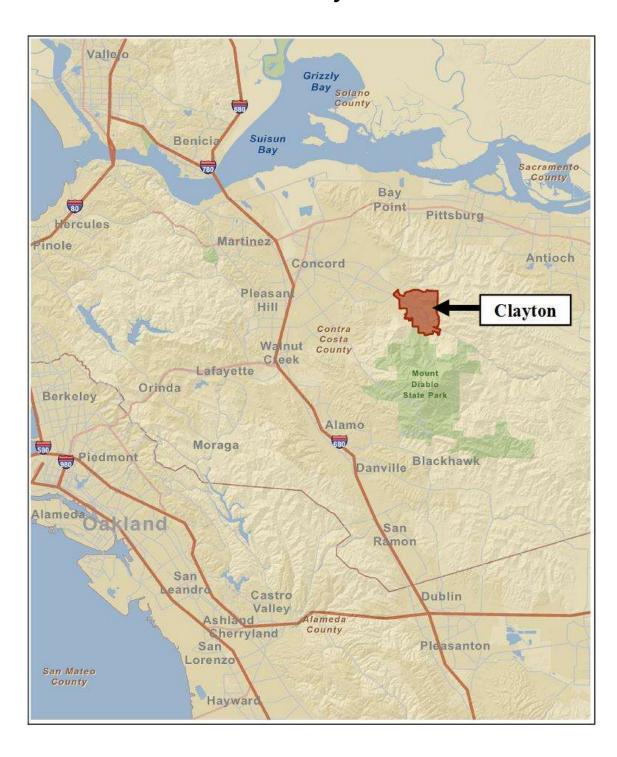
Hank Stratford City Treasurer
Paul Rodrigues Finance Director
Elise Warren Chief of Police

Janet Calderon City Clerk / HR Manager

Matthew Feske Community Development Director

Jim Warburton Maintenance Supervisor Malathy Subramanian City Attorney (contract) Scott Alman City Engineer (contract)

Regional Map of Clayton, California And Nearby Cities



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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Clayton, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clayton as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clayton as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4-14, budgetary comparison information on pages 86-88, Schedule of

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 89, Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions on page 90, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 91, and Schedule of OPEB Plan Contributions on page 92 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clayton's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2021 on our consideration of City of Clayton's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance on the results of that testing, and do not provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Clayton's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CROPPER ROWE, LLP Walnut Creek, California January 14, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of the City of Clayton (the "City") provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City's Basic Financial Statements for readers of the City's financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City is for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the additional information that is furnished with the City's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Government -Wide Highlights

Net Position - The assets of the City of Clayton exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended June 30, 2020 by \$45,259,241. Of this amount, \$3,358,419 was reported as "unrestricted net position" and may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Position - The City's total net position increased by \$505,374 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$544,182, while net position of business-type activities decreased by \$38,808.

Major Fund Highlights

Governmental Funds – As of the year ended June 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$16,431,320. Of this amount \$5,631,359 represents "unassigned fund balances" available for appropriation.

General Fund - The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund on June 30, 2020 was \$5,654,925, while the non-spendable and assigned fund balances were \$100,163 and \$409,482 respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Clayton's basic financial statements. The City of Clayton's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Clayton's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Clayton's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Clayton is improving or deteriorating.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

Government-wide Financial Statements, Continued

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's *net position* changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e. g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Clayton that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Clayton include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development, and parks and recreation services. The business-type activities of the City of Clayton include the activities of the Endeavor Hall enterprise fund.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Clayton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Clayton can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

The City of Clayton maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the government funds balance sheet and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Landscape Maintenance District, Housing Successor Agency, and Capital Improvement Program, all of which are reported as major funds.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Clayton maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Clayton uses an enterprise fund to account for its Endeavor Hall activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Clayton various functions. City of Clayton uses three internal service funds to account for its capital equipment replacement program, self-insurance activities, and extraordinary employer pension contribution fluctuations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather that business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City's sole enterprise fund is considered to be a major fund. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The City is the fiscal agent for benefit assessment districts and other parties holding amounts collected which await payment as directed. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate statement of fiduciary net position and the agency funds statement of assets and liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City is acting as a trustee for these funds and cannot use these assets to finance its own operations. The City's fiduciary funds include a private-purpose trust fund to account for the activities of the City of Clayton Redevelopment Successor Agency.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40-83 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees as well as budgetary information for the General Fund and each of the major governmental funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Analysis of Overall Net Position and Results of Operations

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's total net position was \$46,259,241 at June 30, 2020, which is an increase of \$505,374 (1%) from the prior year's net position at June 30, 2019.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e. g. land, buildings, etc.) net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following is condensed comparative Statements of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019:

	Governmental Activities 2020		Governmental Activities 2019		Business- Type Activities 2020		Business- Type Activities 2019		Total 2020		Total 2019	
Assets												
Current Assets	\$	14,388,102	\$	13,257,979	\$	(69,042)	\$	(66,252)	\$	14,319,060	\$	13,191,727
Noncurrent Assets		6,359,697		6,464,874		-		-		6,359,697		6,464,874
Capital Assets		29,780,115		29,790,706		1,073,743		1,110,485		30,853,858		30,901,191
Total Assets		50,527,914		49,513,559		1,004,701		1,044,233		51,532,615		50,557,792
Deferred outflows		1,182,093		1,328,482				_		1,182,093		1,328,482
								<u> </u>				
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities		606,265		612,424		5,777		6,501		612,042		618,925
Noncurrent Liabilities		5,484,655		5,314,518		-		-		5,484,655		5,314,518
Total Liabilities		6,090,920		5,926,942		5,777		6,501		6,096,697		5,933,443
10001 2202 2220		0,000,000		0,520,512		<u> </u>		0,001		0,000,0000		0,,00,110
Deferred inflows		358,770		198,964						358,770		198,964
Deterred millows		000,770		170,701		-			-	000,770		170/701
Net Position												
Net investment in												
capital assets		29,780,115		29,790,706		1,073,743		1,110,485		30,853,858		30,901,191
Restricted		12,046,964		1,915,594		-		-		12,046,964		11,915,594
Unrestricted		3,433,238		3,009,835		(74,819)		(72,753)		2,358,419		2,937,082
Total net position	\$	45,260,317	\$	44,716,135	\$	998,924	\$	1,037,732	\$	46,259,241	\$	45,753,867
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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS, Continued

Analysis of Overall Net Position and Results of Operations, Continued

Of the City's total net position, \$12,046,964 (26.0%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of the *unrestricted net position* of \$3,433,238 (7.3%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. City revenues for the year, including both governmental and business-type activities, were \$8,609,891, while expenses totaled \$8,104,517, resulting in a net increase to net position of \$505,374 excluding transfers, extraordinary and special items. This net increase was primarily attributable to an increase in net position of governmental activities, which is discussed in greater detail in the following section.

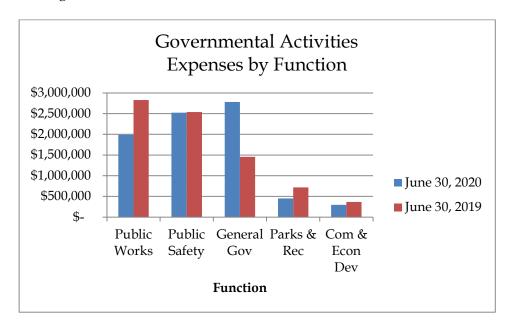
The following is a recap of the City's Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019:

	Governmental Activities 2020	Governmental Activities 2019	Business- Type Activities 2020	Business- Type Activities 2019	Total 2020	Total 2019	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 1,000,692		\$ 24,702	\$ 24,642	\$ 1,025,394		
Operating grants and contributions	1,024,732	825,018	-	-	1,024,732	825,018	
Capital grants and contributions	559,220	570,049			559,220	570,049	
Total program revenues	2,584,644	2,358,322	24,702	24,642	2,609,346	2,382,964	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	2,587,812	2,463,898	-	-	2,587,812	2,463,898	
Special parcel taxes	1,295,034	1,256,011	-	-	1,295,034	1,256,011	
Sales and use taxes	512,868	483,741	-	-	512,868	483,741	
Business license taxes	140,620	175,153	-	-	140,620	175,153	
Franchise fees	565,893			-	565,893	523,129	
Payments in lieu of taxes	167,677	164,331	-	-	167,677	164,331	
Investment income	684,244	255,272	121	4	684,365	255,276	
Miscellaneous	40,516	39,211	-	-	40,516	39,211	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	5,760	30,924			5,760	30,924	
Total general revenues	6,000,424	5,391,670	121	4	6,000,545	5,391,674	
Total revenues	8,625,068	7,749,992	24,823	24,646	8,609,891	7,774,638	
Expenses:							
General government	2,781,523	1,457,326	-	-	2,781,523	1,457,326	
Public works	1,988,766	2,536,880	-	-	1,988,766	2,536,880	
Public safety	2,521,690	2,825,969	-	-	2,521,690	2,825,969	
Community and economic							
development	296,372	367,682	-	-	296,372	367,682	
Parks and recreation services	452,535	718,267	-	-	452,535	718,267	
Endeavor Hall			63,631	58,455	63,631	58,455	
Total expenses	8,040,886	7,906,124	63,631	<u>58,455</u>	8,104,517	7,964,579	
Increase (decrease) in Net Position							
before transfers, special and							
extraordinary items	544,182	(156,132)	(38,808)	(33,809)	505,374	(189,941)	
Extraordinary items		·				<u>-</u>	
Change in Net Position	544,182	(156,132)	(38,808)	(33,809)	505,374	(189,941)	
Net Position - Beginning	44,716,135		1,037,732	1,071,541	45,753,867	<u>45,943,808</u>	
Net Position - ending	\$ 45,260,317	\$ 44,716,135	\$ 998,924	\$ 1,037,732	\$ 46,259,241	\$ 45,753,867	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS, Continued

Analysis of Governmental Activities

The increase in net position of the governmental activities over the prior year was primarily attributable to an increase in capital outlay and projects. Total expenses were \$8,040,886 in the current year compared to \$7,906,124 in the prior year. The following chart depicts the relative size of expenses by function for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019:

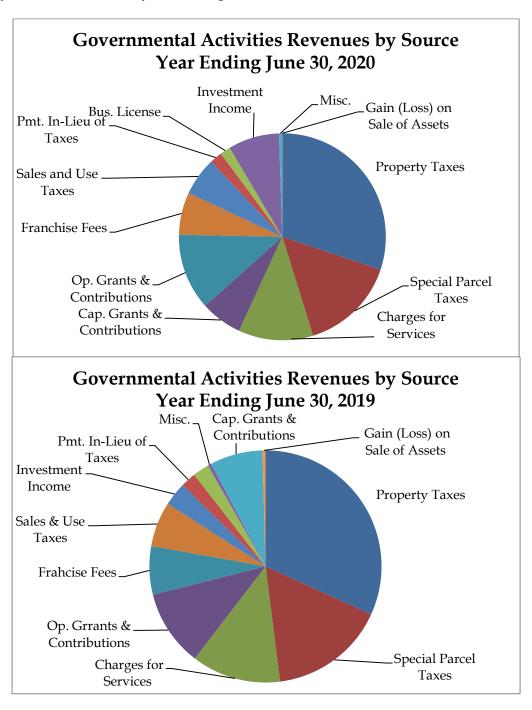


Total program revenues from governmental activities were \$2,584,644 in the current year compared to \$2,358,322 in the prior year. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry. They reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from government's general revenues. Of the governmental program revenues, 38.1% were derived from charges for services, which includes park use fees, rental fees, licenses and permits, planning services fees, engineering plan check fees, police service fees, and other revenues. The remaining 61.9% of the governmental program revenues came from operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenues are all other revenues not categorized as program revenues such as property taxes, special parcel taxes, sales and use taxes, motor vehicle fees, investment earnings, franchise fees, use of money and property, service charges, and miscellaneous revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS, Continued

Analysis of Governmental Activities, Continued

Total general revenues from governmental activities grew slightly by \$608,754 (11.3%) over the prior year. The following pie charts depict the relative size of governmental activities program and general revenues by source for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019:



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS, Continued

Analysis of Business-Type Activities

Total business-type expenses increased 8.9% from \$58,445 in the prior year to \$63,631 in the current year. This increase is largely attributable to the increase in operating costs of the Endeavor Hall rental facility. Total services revenue increased as well by 0.2%, from \$24,642 in the prior year to \$24,702 in the current year associated with a higher volume of discounted rentals to non-profits. Net position of business-type activities declined \$38,808 to a total of \$998,924 at June 30, 2020 due to charges for services being insufficient to cover the annual depreciation expense of underlying Endeavor Hall rental facility assets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

Analysis of Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Clayton's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Clayton's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,431,320. Of this amount, \$5,631,359 (34.3%) is unassigned; \$100,163 (0.6%) is in non-spendable form; \$3,577,286 (21.2%) is assigned for specific purposes; \$6,452,671 (39.3%) is restricted by law, regulation, or other outside contractual agreements; and \$669,841(4.0%) is committed for specific expenditures in the future.

General Fund

The City's General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$404,425 (7.0%) in the current fiscal year. This modest increase is mostly attributable to higher than expected investment results and an increase in property tax revenues. Total fund balance of the General Fund is \$6,164,570 as of June 30, 2020, of which \$5,654,925 (91.7%) is reported as unassigned and available for appropriation. This unassigned fund balance is 1.17 times the size of the General Fund's adopted operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Landscape Maintenance District

Community Facilities District No. 2007-1, referred to as the Landscape Maintenance District special revenue fund, reported a slight decrease in fund balance of \$163,049 (13.3%) in the current fiscal year. This decrease in fund balance is largely attributable to increases in operating costs such as water service and weed abatement, as well as an increase in project costs. Total fund balance of the Landscape Maintenance District is \$1,063,587 as of June 30, 2020, of which \$499,700 (46.9%) is reported as assigned for the following year's operating budget.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS, Continued

Analysis of Governmental Funds, Continued

Successor Housing Agency

The Successor Housing Agency special revenue fund reported a increase in fund balance of \$303,391 in the current fiscal year. This increase in fund balance resulted primarily from unspent program revenue on housing loan repayments as well as unrealized gains on the inventory of affordable income housing. Total fund balance of the Successor Housing Agency is \$4,957,952 as of June 30, 2020, which is classified entirely as restricted.

Capital Improvement Program

The Capital Improvement Program capital projects fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$148,700 (8.2%) in the current fiscal year. This slight decrease in fund balance primarily arose from timing differences between project execution and funding. Total fund balance of the Capital Improvement Program fund is \$1,663,367 and is reported entirely as assigned for capital projects as of June 30, 2020.

Analysis of Proprietary Funds

The City of Clayton's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The net position of the City's only major enterprise fund, Endeavor Hall, at the end of the year was \$998,924, and total net position for the internal service funds amounted to \$998,215.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund actual revenues and transfers exceeded total revenues of the final budget by \$211,069 (4.4%), which exceeds the adopted fiscal year 2020 budget projection of a \$46,643 planned decrease in fund balance. The remainder of the increase was from better than expected investment results and an unrealized investment gain. The unrealized investment gain was reported as a direct result of the City's investment portfolio being largely made up of fixed instrument securities during a time of declining interest rates. As noted in recent quarterly investment portfolio reports presented to the City Council, the City's investment policy is designed to reduce volatility and generate consistent returns in the long run in order to protect public funds. Actual property tax revenues exceeded somewhat conservative adopted budgetary growth projections by 3.1%, which was largely offset by lower than expected revenue from permits, licenses and fees.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, Continued

Actual General Fund expenditures of \$4,599,493 were less than the final adjusted budget by \$211,350 (4.4%) for the year ended June 30, 2020. The positive variance is a result of actual expenditures being less than budgeted in Parks and Recreation, Community and Economic Development, and Public Safety.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$30,853,858 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, corporate yard building, and roads. Total depreciation expense on governmental assets totaled \$1,068,773, versus \$1,043,662 in the prior year. The increase in depreciation is attributable to the completion of significant capital projects during the prior and current fiscal years. Additional information on the City of Clayton's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Debt Administration

The remaining debt of the former Clayton Redevelopment Agency (RDA) of \$5,835,000 was transferred to the Successor Agency on February 1, 2012 (fiscal year ending June 30, 2012). The City has no outstanding general obligation debt. The Successor Agency has maintained its "AAA" credit rating (S&P) on outstanding Tax Allocation Bonds. Additional information on the Successor Agency's long-term debt can be found in Note 12 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

As the City of Clayton is largely a bedroom community the annual General Fund operating budget relies heavily on property taxes to finance annual operating appropriations rather than other sources of revenue larger and more commercially and industrial developed municipalities have access to (i. e. sales and transient occupancy taxes). The City strives to meet the ever evolving needs of local residents and businesses within the constraints of limited and sometimes restrictive revenue sources.

There was an increase in adopted General Fund operating appropriations for the upcoming fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 of \$69,356 (1.5%). The increase in appropriations is attributable primarily to labor wage and benefit costs of various City departments. The annual June 2019 to June 2020 consumer price index inflationary factor is 1.6% as published by the U. S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics for the San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward region. In addition, there are projected 7%/0.3% decreases, due to employee turnover, in payments to CalPERS for unfunded liabilities and normal cost, respectively. The adopted budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 projects total General Fund revenues of \$4,844,231, an increase of approximately

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET, Continued

\$30,031 (0.6%) over the prior year adopted budget. The projected revenue growth reflects continued growth in property tax and sales and use taxes supported by actual results reported in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Clayton's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Manager, 6000 Heritage Trail, Clayton, California 94517.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Clayton Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental	Business-Type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activites	Total
Current Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 13,449,436	\$ 210	\$ 13,449,646
Accounts receivable (net of allowances)	795,358	-	795,358
Interest receivable	43,145	-	43,145
Internal balances	69,252	(69,252)	-
Prepaid expenses	30,911	(03/202)	30,911
Total Current Assets	14,388,102	(69,042)	14,319,060
Noncurrent Assets:			
Investment in affordable housing	2,654,293	_	2,654,293
Notes receivable	3,705,404	_	3,705,404
Nondepreciable assets	3,196,235	167,738	3,363,973
Depreciable assets, net	26,583,880	906,005	27,489,885
Total Noncurrent Assets	36,139,812	1,073,743	37,213,555
Total Assets	50,527,914	1,004,701	51,532,615
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,001,701	01,032,013
	4.405.454		4 405 456
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,137,476	-	1,137,476
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	44,617		44,617
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,182,093		1,182,093
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilites:			
Accounts payable	460,523	2,777	463,300
Deposits payable	-	3,000	3,000
Accrued payroll	71,753	-	71,753
Unearned revenue	-	-	-
Compensated absences payable	73,847	-	73,847
Other liabilities	142	-	142
Total Current Liabilities	606,265	5,777	612,042
Noncurrent Liabilites:			
Compensated absences payable	73,847	-	73,847
Net OPEB liability	535,900	-	535,900
Net pension liability	4,874,908	-	4,874,908
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,484,655		5,484,655
Total Liabilities	6,090,920	5,777	6,096,697
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pension	328,817	_	328,817
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	29,953	-	29,953
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	358,770	-	358,770
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	29,780,115	1,073,743	30,853,858
Restricted for special projects and programs	12,046,964	-	12,046,964
Unrestricted	3,433,238	(74,819)	3,358,419
Total Net Position	\$ 45,260,317	\$ 998,924	\$ 46,259,241

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

45,753,867

1,037,732

44,716,135

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

\$ 46,259,241

998,924

\$

\$ 45,260,317

City of Clayton Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
General government	\$ 2781 523	438 906	4 14 941	4	(929 208 6) \$	4	(929 208 0) \$
		Г		·		· ÷	
Public safety	2,521,690	65,674	245,250	1	(2,210,766)	•	(2,210,766)
Public works	1,988,766	338,877	767,839	559,220	(322,830)	1	(322,830)
Community and economic development	296,372	113,600	(5,298)	•	(188,070)	•	(188,070)
Parks and recreation services	452,535	43,635	2,000	ı	(406,900)	1	(406,900)
Total Governmental Activities	8,040,886	1,000,692	1,024,732	559,220	(5,456,242)	1	(5,456,242)
Business-Type Activities							
Endeavor Hall	63,631	24,702	1	1	1	(38,929)	(38,929)
Total Business-Type Activities	63,631	24,702	ı	1	1	(38,929)	(38,929)
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,104,517	\$ 1,025,394	\$ 1,024,732	\$ 559,220	(5,456,242)	(38,929)	(5,495,171)
		General revenues:	es:				
		Taxes:					
		Property taxes	xes		2,587,812	1	2,587,812
		Special parcel taxes	sel taxes		1,295,034		1,295,034
		Sales and use taxes	se taxes		512,868	•	512,868
		Business license taxes	ense taxes		140,620	1	140,620
		Total Taxes	ces		4,536,334	1	4,536,334
		Franchise fees			565,893	1	565,893
		Payments in lieu of taxes	ieu of taxes		167,677	1	167,677
		Investment income (loss)	come (loss)		684,244	121	684,365
		Other miscella	Other miscellaneous general revenues	'enues	40,516		40,516
		Gain (loss) on	Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets	assets	2,760	•	5,760
		Total gener	Total general revenues and transfers	ransfers	6,000,424	121	6,000,545
		Change in net position	oosition		544,182	(38,808)	505,374

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds are used to account for activities primarily supported by taxes, grants, and similar revenue sources. All governmental funds can be classified into one of five fund types: the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

General Fund:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City and is presented as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following are reported as major special revenue funds:

Landscape Maintenance District - Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 2007-1, referred to as the Landscape Maintenance District special revenue fund, accounts for real property voter-approved special parcel taxes collected to maintain arterial landscaping and open space within the City (CFD No. 2007-1 sunsets in 2027).

Successor Housing Agency - Accounts for the activities related to the assets assumed by the City of Clayton as the Housing Successor to the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Clayton.

Capital Projects Funds:

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. The following is the City's sole major capital projects fund:

Capital Improvement Program - Accounts for the projects identified in the capital improvement program funded by various federal and state grants as well as through transfers from the General Fund.

Non-major Governmental Funds:

All non-major governmental funds of the City are aggregated and presented on the face of the basic financial statements in one column.

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City of Clayton Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

			 Special Revenue			
	Ge	neral Fund	andscape aintenance District		Successor sing Agency	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	5,923,843	\$ 1,198,819	\$	1,538,255	
Accounts receivable		617,811	-		-	
Interest receivable		43,145	-		-	
Investment in affordable housing		-	-		2,654,293	
Notes receivable		-	-		3,705,404	
Prepaid items		30,911	-		-	
Due from other funds		69,252	-		-	
Advance to other funds			 		-	
Total Assets	\$	6,684,962	\$ 1,198,819	\$	7,897,952	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	109,104	\$ 135,232	\$	-	
Other payables		142	-		-	
Accrued payroll		71,753	-		-	
Compensated absences		73,847	 		-	
Total Liabilities		254,846	135,232		-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred revenue		265,546	-		2,940,000	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		265,546	-		2,940,000	
Fund Balance:						
Non-spendable		100,163	-		-	
Restricted		-	563,887		4,957,952	
Committed		-	-		-	
Assigned		409,482	499,700		-	
Unassigned		5,654,925	-		-	
Total Fund Balance		6,164,570	1,063,587		4,957,952	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,684,962	\$ 1,198,819	\$	7,897,952	

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City of Clayton Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

Im	pital Project Capital provement Program	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
\$	1,723,048 97,338 - - -	\$	2,560,803 80,209 - - - -	\$	12,944,768 795,358 43,145 2,654,293 3,705,404 30,911
	-		-		69,252 -
\$	1,820,386	\$	2,641,012	\$	20,243,131
\$	157,019	\$	59,168	\$	460,523
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	142
	-		-		71,753
	-		-		73,847
	157,019		59,168		606,265
	<u>-</u>		-		3,205,546 3,205,546
	-		-		100,163
	-		930,832		6,452,671
	- 1 663 367		669,841 1,004,737		669,841 3,577,286
	1,663,367 -		(23,566)		5,631,359
	1,663,367		2,581,844		16,431,320
\$	1,820,386	\$	2,641,012	\$	20,243,131

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City of Clayton Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 16,431,320
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets (net of internal service fund assets of \$493,547)	3,196,235 26,090,333
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT REVENUES AND EXPENSES	
Unavailable revenue which are deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Funds because they are not available currently, but are taken into revenue in the statement of activities.	3,205,546
LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Net OPEB liability not reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Compensated absences payable Net pension liability not reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	(535,900) (73,847) (4,874,908)
DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS Deferred inflows/(outflows) of resources for not reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
Deferred outflows of resources for net pension liability	1,137,476
Deferred inflows of resources for net pension liability	(328,817)
Deferred outflows of resources for net OPEB liability	44,617
Deferred inflows of resources for net OPEB liability	(29,953)
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET POSITION	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.	998,215
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 45,260,317

City of Clayton Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2020

				Special I	Rever	evenue	
			La	1		Successor	
						Housing	
	Ge	neral Fund	1	District		Agency	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	2,587,812	\$	-	\$	-	
Program income		-		-		101,400	
Special parcel taxes and assessments		-		1,156,944		-	
Sales and use taxes		512,868		-		-	
Business licenses		140,620		-		-	
Permits, licenses and fees		153,629		-		-	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		93,556		-		-	
Intergovernmental		103,940		-		-	
Motor vehicle in-lieu fees		-		-		-	
Other in-lieu fees		167,677		-		-	
Franchise fees		565,893		-		-	
Service charges		324,893		-		-	
Use of money and property		224,202		44,185		27,848	
Other revenue		30,489		1,805		-	
Total Revenues		4,905,579		1,202,934		129,248	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		1,280,349		_		_	
Public safety		2,346,730		_		_	
Public works		354,189		1,034,174		_	
Community and economic development		258,637		-		37,618	
Parks and recreation services		359,588		_		-	
Capital outlay		-		291,959		_	
Total Expenditures		4,599,493		1,326,133		37,618	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Over (Under) Expenditures		306,086		(123,199)		91,630	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Unrealized gains (losses)		_		_		211,761	
Transfers in		119,690		_		-	
Transfers out		(21,351)		(39,850)		_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		98,339		(39,850)		211,761	
Net Change in Fund Balances		404,425		(163,049)		303,391	
FUND BALANCES				. ,			
Beginning of year		5,760,145		1,226,636		4,654,561	
End of fiscal year	\$	6,164,570	\$	1,063,587	\$	4,957,952	

City of Clayton Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2020

Capital Project Capital Improvement Program	Other Governmental Funds	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,587,812
ф -	φ -	101,400
-	425,289	1,582,233
_		512,868
-	_	140,620
_	64,490	218,119
-	-	93,556
518,628	941,144	1,563,712
-	-	-
-	-	167,677
-	-	565,893
-	-	324,893
57,868	99,690	453,793
	1,000	33,294
576,496	1,531,613	8,345,870
	27 071	1 217 400
-	37,071	1,317,420
-	116,600	2,463,330 1,853,605
-	465,242	296,255
-	92,947	452,535
759,680	24,167	1,075,806
759,680	736,027	7,458,951
		,, -
(183,184)	795,586	886,919
		044 544
24.404	2 (40	211,761
34,484	3,640	157,814
34,484	(96,613) (92,973)	(157,814) 211,761
(148,700)	702,613	1,098,680
, , ,	,	
1,812,067	1,879,231	15,332,640
\$ 1,663,367	\$ 2,581,844	\$ 16,431,320

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City of Clayton

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,098,680
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS	
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (or require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in the Governmental Funds (net change). Net change in post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability and deferred inflows (outflows)	20,062
Long-term compensated absences payable Net change in pension liability and deferred inflows (outflows). Unavailable revenues	(2,198) (494,195) (109,256)
CAPITAL ASSET TRANSACTIONS	(, ,
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital asset acquisition, excluding internal service fund asset acquisitions.	966,480
Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance (Net of internal service fund depreciation of \$88,453).	(980,320)
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITY	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The net gain or loss of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	44,929
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities on Statement of Activities	\$ 544,182
	 _

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges. The City's proprietary funds can be classified into two fund types: enterprise and internal service funds.

Enterprise Funds:

Enterprise funds are used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the City's sole major enterprise fund:

Endeavor Hall - Accounts for all rental activities related to operation of the underlying rental facility asset. The primary use of the rental facility has been for wedding receptions and other formal special events.

Internal Service Funds:

The City's internal service funds account for activities that provide goods or services to other City funds, departments, or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. All internal service funds of the City are aggregated and presented on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements in one column.

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City of Clayton Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	A	Business-type Activities - Endeavor Hall		ernmental ctivities - nal Service
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	210	\$	504,668
Noncurrent assets				
Land		167,738		-
Depreciable assets, net		906,005		493,547
Total Assets		1,073,953		998,215
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		2,777		-
Other payables		-		-
Deposits payable		3,000		-
Due to other funds		69,252		
Total Liabilities		75,029		-
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,073,743		493,547
Unrestricted		(74,819)		504,668
Total Net Position	\$	998,924	\$	998,215

City of Clayton Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2020

	A	iness-type ctivities - eavor Hall	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for current services	\$	24,702	\$	112,100	
Total Operating Revenues		24,702		112,100	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel		9,288		-	
General and administrative		17,601		3,311	
Depreciation and amortization		36,742		88,453	
Total Operating Expenses		63,631		91,764	
Operating Income (Loss)		(38,929)		20,336	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Investment income		- 121		5,760 18,833	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		121		24,593	
Net (loss) Before Contributions and Operating Transfers		(38,808)		44,929	
Capital contributions Transfers in / (out)		- -		- -	
Change in Net Position		(38,808)		44,929	
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of fiscal year		1,037,732		953,286	
End of fiscal year	\$	998,924	\$	998,215	

City of Clayton Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Ac	Business-type Activities - Endeavor Hall		ernmental ctivities - rnal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				<u> </u>
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Claims paid Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	22,202 (15,825) (9,288) - (2,911)	\$	112,100 - - (3,311) 108,789
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers in / (out) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities				-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of fixed assets Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		- - -		(91,701) 5,760 (85,941)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received on investments Net Cash provided by investing activities		121 121		18,833 18,833
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,790)		41,681
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of fiscal year		3,000		462,987
End of fiscal year	\$	210	\$	504,668
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(38,929)	\$	20,336
Depreciation and amortization Changes in current assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		36,742 1,776		88,453
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in interfund payables		(2,500)		- -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(2,911)	\$	108,789

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City's fiduciary funds can be classified into two fund types: agency and private purpose trust funds.

Agency Funds:

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurements of results of operations. They are used to account for assets held in an agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the City's program. Agency funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private purpose trust funds account for resources held by the City as trustee for third party beneficiaries, and are used to report both the Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency. Private Purpose Trust Funds are accounted for under the full accrual basis of accounting.

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City of Clayton Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund Redevelopment Successor			
				г 1
	<i>F</i>	Agency	Age	ency Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	767,071	\$	2,034,003
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		13		368,164
Accounts receivable		-		28,460
Prepaid expenses		2,178		2,541
Assessments receivable		-		1,532,076
Notes receivable		70,751		-
Investment in bonds				1,313,000
Total Assets		840,013	\$	5,278,244
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other liabilities		2,178 -	\$	15,895 1,754,988
Deposits payable		-		785,285
Accrued interest payable		18,450		-
Advance from Successor Housing Agency		148,103		-
Notes payable		-		70,751
Bonds payable		1,925,000		2,651,325
Total Liabilities		2,093,731	\$	5,278,244
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred notes receivables		-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for others		(1,253,718)		
Total Net Position	\$	(1,253,718)		

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City of Clayton Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2020

ADDITIONS	Tr Rede S	Private Purpose Trust Fund Redevelopment Successor Agency	
Tax increment revenue	\$	864,579	
Program revenue		2,712	
Investment gain		19,117	
Total Additions		886,408	
DEDUCTIONS			
Interest expense		45,068	
Administrative costs		250,000	
Other expenses		2,176	
Total Deductions		297,244	
Changes in Net Position		589,164	
NET POSITION			
Beginning of Year		(1,842,882)	
End of Year	\$	(1,253,718)	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Clayton, California (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City of Clayton (City) is primarily a residential community nestled in the foothills of Mount Diablo in Contra Costa County, California. The City was incorporated on March 3, 1964 under the laws of the State of California, and encompasses approximately four square miles with a population of 11,700. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government, with five elected Council members served by a full-time City Manager and a staff of twenty-six (26) full-time employees providing the following services: public works, parks and recreation services, community and economic development, public safety, and general government. The City's public safety program is served by an in-house police force of eleven (11) full-time sworn police officers supported by two (2) full-time administrative personnel.

The basic financial statements include the financial activities of the City, Successor Agency to the Clayton Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) and the Clayton Financing Authority (Authority).

The City is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the City appoints a voting majority of the component unit's board, or because the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The Clayton Redevelopment Agency ("RDA"), which was dissolved as of February 1, 2012 was accounted for as a "blended" component unit of the City. Despite being legally separate, this entity was so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, part of the City's operations. Accordingly, the balances and transactions of this component unit were reported within the funds of the City. Upon the dissolution of the RDA, the RDA ceased to be reported as a blended component unit and was replaced by the Successor Agency, which is reported as a private purpose trust fund in the fiduciary fund section of the financial statements.

The Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority duly organized and existing under and pursuant to that certain Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, by and between the City and the former RDA of the City of Clayton with the City Council serving as the Board of Directors. It was created by the City of Clayton City Council in 1990 with the primary purpose of issuing bonded obligations to finance capital projects within the community for which repayment is secured by pledges of revenue from legally separate and distinct districts. The activities of the Authority are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statement section as the Authority's debt is secured entirely by third parties that are not part of the primary government of the City and the City has no obligation for such debt. Separate financial statements of the Authority are available at the City's website at www.ci.clayton.ca.gov.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business type activities for the City, the primary government. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and related infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to inter-fund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated in the statement of activities; internal service fund transactions have been eliminated. However, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following inter-fund activities have been eliminated:

- Advances to/from other funds
- Due to/from other funds
- Transfers in/out

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position as presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases (revenue and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except those revenues subject to accrual (generally sixty [60] days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, and other taxes. Revenues from other governmental agencies (excluding property taxes) are deemed to be available if received within one hundred eighty (180) days after fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Deferred revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of *GASB Statement No.* 34. The City has the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

<u>Landscape Maintenance District</u> – This special revenue fund accounts for the Community Facility District No. 2007-1 restricted special parcel tax approved over two-thirds the local electorate in the June 2016 election through the passing of "Measure H." This special parcel tax is restricted to fund the operation, maintenance, and improvement of specific city-wide public landscaped areas.

<u>Successor Housing Agency</u> - This special revenue fund accounts for the City's low and moderate housing program, which was assumed by the by City Council action upon dissolution of the former redevelopment agency. Program revenue of this fund is primarily generated through the repayment on low-moderate income housing loans.

<u>Capital Improvement Program</u> - This capital projects fund accounts for the projects identified in the capital improvement program funded by various federal and state grants as well as through transfers from the General Fund.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and change in fund net position, and a statement of cash flows for all proprietary funds. Internal service funds are presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred. Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The City has the following major enterprise fund:

<u>Endeavor Hall</u> - This fund accounts for all activities related to use of the facility. The primary use has been for wedding receptions.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

The City has the following internal service funds:

<u>Capital Equipment Replacement Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of the City vehicles and equipment.

<u>Self-Insurance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the administration of the City's self-insurance programs, payment of Employee Assistance Programs, and self-insured liability claim deductibles.

<u>Pension Rate Stabilization Fund</u> - This fund stabilizes major fluctuations in annual employer pension costs driven by market factors and actuarial changes.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations, therefore only a statement of fiduciary net position is presented. Agency funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Reclassifications were recorded to prior year amounts reported for various assets and liabilities for agency funds in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Private purpose trust funds account for resources held by the City as trustee for third party beneficiaries, and are used to report both the fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency. Private purpose trust funds are accounted for under the full accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows for the City's proprietary funds, pooled cash and investments held by the City are considered cash equivalents as the proprietary fund can access pooled cash and investments in a manner similar to a demand deposit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Cash and Investments

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Interest income on investments is allocated to the funds on the basis of average month-end cash and investment balances. Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price if applicable. Otherwise the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Values are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

<u>Level 2</u> – Inputs, other than quoted prices, included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liabilities at the measurement date.

<u>Level 3</u> – Certain inputs are unobservable inputs (supported by little or no market activity, such as the City's best estimate of what hypothetical market participants would use to determine a transaction price for the asset or liability at the reporting date).

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for these securities where market quotations are readily available, and on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available.

The City's investment policy (Policy) states that the primary investment objective is safety with investments being legally permitted and sufficiently liquid to meet forecasted needs. Maximization of interest earnings is a secondary objective. Further, the Policy states that the City Treasurer has the ultimate responsibility to protect, preserve and maintain cash and investments. The Policy also established internal controls and reporting requirements. The Policy stipulates "Permitted Investments and Limitation on Investments." The City invests in the California LAIF, which is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account operated by the California State Treasurer. LAIF funds are invested in high quality money market securities and are managed to insure the safety of the portfolio. A portion of LAIF's investments are in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for deposits and investment risks are specified in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - o Overall
 - o Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items in governmental funds are equally offset by amounts included nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net position. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Investment in Affordable Housing

This City Successor Housing Agency special revenue fund has purchased and re-sold several housing properties located in Stranahan Circle to low and moderate income households. The City carries the difference between the cost and sale on these properties as an investment in affordable housing until the property is either bought back by the City or sold on the open market. The City participates in the profits on any sales of these properties to an outside party in the same proportion as what the low and moderate income purchaser acquired the property from the City at the below market subsidized value. The City reports the investment in affordable housing at its proportionate equity share of the fair market value of the underlying properties at year-end. Stranahan Circle properties are considered "level 2" investments. The City values their interest in the properties annually using third party published market inputs. At June 30, 2020 the fair value was \$2,654,293, which includes an increase of \$183,512 for the year then ended.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at cost or, during the initial implementation, estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting infrastructure at \$100,000; all other capital assets are set at \$5,000. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings50 yearsImprovements other than buildings20 - 75 yearsVehicles, machinery and equipment5 - 10 yearsInfrastructure20 - 75 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has included all infrastructure into the current basic financial statements. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, park lands, and buildings. Each major infrastructure system can be

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Capital Assets, Continued

divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems. Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type and proprietary funds as part of the asset cost. For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. The City commissioned an appraisal of City owned infrastructure and property as of June 30, 2003. This appraisal determined the original cost, which is defined as the actual cost to acquire new property in accordance with market prices at the time of first construction/acquisition.

Original costs were developed in one of three ways: (1) historical records; (2) standard unit costs appropriate for the construction/acquisition date; or (3) present cost indexed by a reciprocal factor of the price increase from the construction/acquisition date to the current date. The accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/acquisition to the current date on a straight line, unrecovered cost method was computed using industry accepted life expectancies for each infrastructure subsystem. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the original cost.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities columns. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt, which are shown in the reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the government-wide statement of net position. Governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements compensated absences are recorded as incurred and related expenses and liabilities are reported by activity. The long-term portion of governmental activities is liquidated primarily by the General Fund. In the governmental funds compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Compensated Absences, Continued

compensated absences at June 30th from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. Compensated absences include vacation as well as compensated leave hours earned in-lieu of overtime. It is the policy of the City to pay eighteen (18) times an employee's capped monthly vacation accrual upon retirement or termination.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments, if any, are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020

Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Net Position/Fund Balances, Continued

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position. " Nonspendable governmental funds balances are categorized as unrestricted net position on the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Balance Reporting

Equity of governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The City Council, as the highest level of decision-making authority, commits and assigns fund balances through the passing of resolutions and ordinances, requiring an equal action for modification or rescinding thereof. It is the policy of the City to spend funds in order from restricted to unassigned, as listed below.

Fund balances for the governmental funds are made up of the following:

- *Non-spendable* Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Includes amounts that should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on
 the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws
 and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes amounts that cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- *Assigned* Includes amounts constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, except for stabilization arrangements.
- Unassigned The residual funds that have not been assigned to other funds, are not non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

The City Council has formally adopted a policy requiring a minimum General Fund reserve contingency of \$250,000.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Net Position/Fund Balances, Continued

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which the tax and assessment is levied. The County of Contra Costa (County) levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties (under the Teeter Plan). Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on July 1 based on January 1 assessed valuation and are payable in two installments, becoming delinquent on December 10th and April 10th.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year balances may have been reclassified in order to conform to current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect upon reported net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

Inter-fund Balances/Internal Balances

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

New Accounting Pronouncements

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 95 – "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance"

The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

New Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (implemented in FY 2019)
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* (implemented in FY 2019)
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, Leases

Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements are effective in future years subsequent to the current financial reporting period:

• GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities"

The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (fiscal 2021). Earlier application is encouraged. The City doesn't believe this statement will have a significant impact on the City's financial statements.

• GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases"

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Future Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model.

This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (fiscal 2023). Earlier application is encouraged.

• GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period"

The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020 (fiscal 2022). Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively.

• GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 61"

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information related to presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations that previously was reported inconsistently. In addition, requiring reporting of information about component units if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest provides information about the cost of services to be provided by the component unit in relation to the consideration provided to acquire the component unit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Future Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (fiscal 2021). Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

• GASB Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations"

The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures.

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by eliminating the existing option for issuers to report conduit debt obligations as their own liabilities, thereby ending significant diversity in practice. The clarified definition will resolve stakeholders' uncertainty as to whether a given financing is, in fact, a conduit debt obligation. Requiring issuers to recognize liabilities associated with additional commitments extended by issuers and to recognize assets and deferred inflows of resources related to certain arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations also will eliminate diversity, thereby improving comparability in reporting by issuers. Revised disclosure requirements will provide financial statement users with better information regarding the commitments issuers extend and the likelihood that they will fulfill those commitments. That information will inform users of the potential impact of such commitments on the financial resources of issuers and help users assess issuers' roles in conduit debt obligations.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021 (fiscal 2023). Earlier application is encouraged. The City does not believe this statement will have a significant impact on the City's financial statements.

• GASB Statement No. 92 "Omnibus 2020"

The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions. The topics include but are not limited to leases, intra-entity transfers between a primary government and a post-employment benefit plan component unit, accounting for pensions and OPEB related assets, measurement of liabilities related to asset retirement obligations, and nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Future Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (fiscal 2022).

GASB Statement No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates"

The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offer Rate (IBOR). This Statement achieves that objective by:

- Providing exceptions for certain hedging derivative instruments to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment
- Clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate
- Clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBORs does not, by itself, affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged transaction is probable
- Removing LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap
- Identifying a Secured Overnight Financing Rate and the Effective Federal Funds Rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap.
- Clarifying the definition of *reference rate*, as it is used in Statement 53, as amended.

The removal of London IBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021 (fiscal year 2022-23). All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020 (fiscal year 2020-21). The City does not believe that the implementation of this Pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

• GASB Statement No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements"

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Future Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of PPPs and APAs and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. That uniform guidance will provide more relevant and reliable information for financial statement users and create greater consistency in practice. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPP.

PPPs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or if applicable to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated).

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 (fiscal year 2022-23), and all reporting periods thereafter. The City has not yet determined whether the implementation of this Pronouncement will have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements"

This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended.

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Future Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 (fiscal year 2022-23), and all reporting periods thereafter. The City has not yet determined whether the implementation of this Pronouncement will have a material impact on the financial statements.

• GASB Statement No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32"

The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

The requirements of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (fiscal year 2021-22). For purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, the requirements of this Statement that provide that for all other arrangements, the absence of a governing board be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (fiscal year 2021-22).

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2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Classification

The City's total cash and investments, at fair value, are presented on the accompanying financial statements in the following allocation:

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	
Governmental Activities	
Cash and investments	\$ 13,449,646
Statements of Fiduciary Net Position	
Private Purpose Trust Fund	
Cash and investments	767,071
Cash with fiscal agents	13
Agency Funds	
Cash and investments	2,034,003
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	368,164
Investments in bonds	1,313,000
Total	\$ 17,931,897
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 consist of the following:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,000
Deposits with financial institutions	3,774,641
Investments	14,156,256
Total	\$ 17,931,897

Policy

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Clayton by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Agency's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum
Maximum	Percentage of	Percentage of
Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
N/A	None	\$40 million
N/A	None	None
N/A	None	None
5 years	None	None
5 years	20%	None
N/A	None	None
5 years	None	None
5 years	20%	None
	Maturity N/A N/A N/A 5 years 5 years N/A 5 years	Maximum MaturityPercentage of PortfolioN/ANoneN/ANoneN/ANone5 yearsNone5 years20%N/ANone5 yearsNone5 yearsNone5 yearsNone

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Policy, Continued

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	<u>Portfolio</u>	One Issuer
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A
U. S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	20%	None
Federal Housing Administration Debentures	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commercial paper	92 days	N/A	N/A
Demand or time deposits	366 days	N/A	N/A

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Usually, the later the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)									
			12 Months or			13-24		25-36		37-48	49-60	
Investment Type		Totals	Less Months			Months	Months		Months			
Pooled Investments:												
Local Agency Investment												
Fund (LAIF)	\$	1,779,972	\$	1,779,972	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
California Asset Management												
Program (CAMP)		889,437		889,437		-		-		-		-
Certificates of Deposit		9,398,040		1,898,335		2,700,652		3,215,015		1,077,481		506,557
Corporate Bonds and Notes		775,807		-		-		244,844		-		530,963
Held by Bond Trustees:												
U. S. Treasury Note		-		-		-		-		-		-
Municipal Bonds		1,313,000				409,000		434,000		470,000		
Total Investments	\$	14,156,256	\$	4,567,744	\$	3,109,652	\$	3,893,859	\$	1,547,481	\$	1,037,520

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

Investment Type	AAA		AA+	A			Unrated	Total	
Pooled Investments:									
Local Agency Investment									
Fund (LAIF)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,779,972	\$	1,779,972
California Asset Management									
Program (CAMP)	889,437		-		-		-		889,437
Certificates of Deposit	-		-		-		9,398,040		9,398,040
Corporate Bonds and Notes	-		775,807		-		-		775,807
Held by Bond Trustees:									
U. S. Treasury Notes	-		-		-		-		-
Municipal Bonds	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		1,313,000		1,313,000
Total Investments	\$ 889,437	\$	775,807	\$		\$	12,491,012	\$	14,156,256

Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Accordingly, the notes to the financial statements should disclose if the government has five (5) percent or more of its total investments in a single issuer. More than five percent of the City's investments are with the "Middle School" Community Facilities District No. 1990-1.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party (e. g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investment Fair Value

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

- U. S. government agency note, certificates of deposit, Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), and California Asset Management Program (CAMP) values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date [Level 1 inputs].
- Municipal bonds are valued based on unobservable inputs (supported by little or no market
 activity, such as the City's best estimate of what hypothetical market participants would use to
 determine a transaction price for the asset or liability at the reporting date) [Level 3 inputs].

The City is a voluntary participant in the LAIF and the CAMP that are regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF and CAMP for the entire respective portfolios (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF and CAMP, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

3. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

The following is a summary of loans and notes receivable of the City for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2020
General Fund:				
Oak Street Bridge Assessment District Loan	\$ 3,958	\$ -	\$ (3,958)	\$ -
Total General Fund	3,958	-	(3,958)	-
Successor Housing Agency:				
Diamond Terrace P. A. M. Note	3,041,400	-	(101,400)	2,940,000
Eden Affordable Housing Note	567,000	-	-	567,000
Stranahan Affordable Housing Notes	85,529	-	(35,228)	50,301
Successor Agency SERAF Loan	296,206		(148,103)	148,103
Total Successor Housing Agency	3,990,135		(284,731)	3,705,404
Total Notes Receivable	\$ 3,994,093	\$ -	\$ (288,689)	\$ 3,705,404

Oak Street Bridge Assessment District Loan

In fiscal year 1999, the General Fund provided \$48,310 in funding for a portion of the Oak Street Bridge project and recorded a note receivable from the Oak Street Bridge Assessment District. The note, which bears interest at 6%, is being paid off over 20 years. During the year ended June 30, 2020 the outstanding balance due to the General Fund was completely paid off.

3. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, Continued

Diamond Terrace Note

On September 21, 1999, the former RDA low-moderate housing fund made a loan to the Professional Apartment Management, Inc. ("PAM") in the amount of \$750,000, at a non-interest bearing rate, to construct and develop an affordable senior assisted living center on the site known as "Diamond Terrace." The note is secured by the Deed of Trust. The former RDA loaned an additional \$1,286,000 on October 24, 2001. On December 1, 2003, PAM began drawing on a \$2,000,000 loan from the former RDA in the amount of \$200,000 annually. The principal balance is payable commencing on October 1, 2005 through October 1, 2030. The balance of the loan due to the Successor Housing Agency was \$2,940,000 at June 30, 2020.

Eden Housing Loan

On October 13, 1992, the former RDA low-moderate housing fund made a loan to the Peace Grove, Inc. in the amount of \$567,000, at a non-interest bearing rate, for the purchase of land for a redevelopment and housing project for low-income mental health system clients. The loan is secured by the Deed of Trust. The principal balance is payable on December 18, 2052. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the loan due to the Successor Housing Agency was \$567,000.

Stranahan Affordable Housing Loans

The former RDA low-moderate housing fund participated in a second mortgage assistance program, whereby qualified applicants are loaned money for a "silent second" down payment to purchase a home in the Stranahan Development within the City. There are five individual loans outstanding. Interest is accrued on the principal for the first 15-35 years and then the total of accrued interest and principal is forgiven over the last 10 years of the term of the lease. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the loans due to the Successor Agency was \$50,301 of principal. The collectability of the accrued interest on these notes (\$26,437) is doubtful and an allowance has been recorded to offset the full amount.

SERAF Loan

On May 10, 2011, the former RDA received a loan from the low-moderate housing fund in the amount of \$592,412 to partially cover a demand from the California Department of Finance for property tax revenues to K-12 schools during the 2011-12 fiscal year via the Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Funds (SERAF). Pursuant to the California Department of Finance determination letter approving the 2017-18 Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) dated March 17, 2017, the loan will be repaid by the Successor Agency through the ROPS process in four (4) installments and matures in the fiscal year ending June 20, 2021. The loan is non-interest bearing. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$148,103.

4. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due To, Due From

At June 30, 2020, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables:

	Due			
	Governmental	ndeavor		
Due to	Funds		Hall	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	69,252	\$ 69,252
Total	\$ -	\$	69,252	\$ 69,252

General Fund cash flow loans totaling \$69,252 were made to Endeavor Hall. The balance of the Endeavor Hall receivable is expected to be repaid from future facility rental fees.

Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of the City's interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Transfers in									
	Construction Non-major									
	(General	Im	nprovement	G	overnmental				
Transfers out	Fund			Program		Funds		Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	18,801	\$	2,550	\$	21,351		
Landscape Maintenance		38,760		-		1,090		39,850		
Non-major governmental funds		80,930		15,683				96,613		
Total	\$	119,690	\$	34,484	\$	3,640	\$	157,814		

The City transferred money into the General Fund from the following funds: Capital Improvements Projects transferred and Stormwater Treatment Assessment District to reimburse the City for administrative support activities. In addition, the City transferred money from the General fund into the Landscape Maintenance and the Non-major Governmental funds to fund project costs associated with the Stormwater Treatment Assessment District.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2020 the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	overnmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	 Total
Net depreciable Assets:			
Construction in progress	\$ 1,109,270	\$ -	\$ 1,109,270
Land	 2,086,965	 167,738	2,254,703
Total non depreciable assets	 3,196,235	 167,738	 3,363,973
Depreciable Assets:			
Buildings	5,937,106	1,400,744	7,337,850
Improvements	6,635,295	159,579	6,794,874
Machinery and equipment	1,679,497	5,024	1,684,521
Infrastructure	 33,239,930	 	33,239,930
Total depreciable assets	47,491,828	1,565,347	49,057,175
Total accumulated depreciation	 (20,907,948)	(659,342)	(21,567,290)
Depreciable assets, net	 26,583,880	 906,005	27,489,885
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,780,115	\$ 1,073,743	\$ 30,853,858

The following is a summary of governmental activities capital assets transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance		1	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020		
Non depreciable Assets:							
Construction in progress	\$	1,113,865	\$ 1,034,432	\$	(1,039,027)	\$	1,109,270
Land		2,086,965	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		2,086,965
Total non depreciable assets		3,200,830	1,034,432		(1,039,027)		3,196,235
Depreciable Assets:					,		
Machinery and equipment		1,624,582	91,702		(36,787)		1,679,497
Buildings		5,895,576	41,530		-		5,937,106
Improvements		6,605,298	29,997		-		6,635,295
Infrastructure		32,340,382	 899,549		<u> </u>		33,239,930
Total depreciable assets		46,465,838	1,062,777		(36,787)		47,491,828
Accumulated depreciation:					,		
Machinery and equipment		(1,134,283)	(88,453)		36,787		(1,185,949)
Buildings		(2,839,036)	(118,141)		-		(2,957,177)
Improvements		(2,762,518)	(253,292)		-		(3,015,810)
Infrastructure		(13,140,125)	 (608,887)		<u> </u>		(13,749,012)
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,875,962)	 (1,068,773)		36,787		(20,907,948)
Depreciable assets, net		26,589,876	 (5,996)				26,583,880
Total governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$	29,790,706	\$ 1,028,436	\$	(1,039,027)	\$	29,780,115

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

For the year ending June 30, 2020 depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 71,695
Parks and recreation	241,001
Public safety	58,653
Public works	 697,424
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,068,773

The following is a summary of business-type activities capital assets transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance ly 1, 2019	Ac	dditions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2020		
Non depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$ 167,738	\$	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$	167,738		
Total non depreciable assets	 167,738		<u> </u>			167,738		
Depreciable Assets:								
Machinery and equipment	5,024		-	-	-	5,024		
Improvements	159,579		-	-	-	159,579		
Buildings	 1,400,744		<u>-</u>			1,400,744		
Total depreciable assets	1,565,347		<u>-</u>			1,565,347		
Accumulated depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment	(8,454)		(858)	-	-	(9,312)		
Buildings	(479,867)		(28,335)	-	-	(508,202)		
Improvements	 (134,279)		(7,549)			(141,828)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(622,600)		(36,742)			(659,342)		
Depreciable assets, net	 942,747		(36,742)			906,005		
Total business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$ 1,110,485	\$	(36,742)	\$ -	\$	1,073,743		

For the year ending June 30, 2020 depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Endeavor Hall	\$	36,742
Total depreciation expense	_\$	36,742

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements do not present general government capital assets, which are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. The capital assets of the enterprise funds in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are the same as those shown in the business-type activities of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Internal Service Funds' capital assets are combined with governmental activities.

6. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences include vacation and sick leave. It is the policy of the City to pay 100% of the capped accumulated vacation leave when a public safety employee retires or terminates, and up to 18 months of a general employee's maximum annual accrual allowed upon the same leave of employment action. The City recognizes the liability for its compensated absences in the governmental activities. The following is a summary of compensated absences transactions during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Beginning					Ending				
	Balance						В	alance	Amou	ınt Due in
	Jul	July 1, 2019 Additions		lditions	Deletions		_June	e 30, 2020	Or	ne Year
Compensated absences	_\$	143,296	\$	166,061	\$	161,663	\$	147,694	\$	73,847

7. CONDUIT DEBT

The following debt issuances were issued by the City for the express purpose of providing capital financing for third parties that are not part of the primary government of the City. Although these conduit debt obligations may bear the name of the City, the City has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf they are issued.

Middle School Community Facilities District- Original Issue \$6,400,000

Middle School Community Facilities District (CFD) Bonds in the principal amount of \$6,400,000 were issued on September 2, 1990 by the City under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. Principal payments are payable on September 2 of each year. Interest payments are payable semi-annually on March 2 and September 2. The bonds are non-city obligations and are secured solely by special assessment revenue from CFD No. 1990-1. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the non-city bond obligation was \$1,313,000.

7. CONDUIT DEBT, Continued

Lydia Lane Sewer Assessment District-Original Issue \$228,325

Lydia Lane Sewer Assessment District Bonds in the principal amount of \$228,325 were issued on August 5, 2002 by the City. Principal payments are payable on September 2 of each year. Interest payments are payable semi-annually on March 2 and September 2. The bonds are non city obligations and are secured by sewer assessment district revenue. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the non-city bond obligation was \$148,325.

Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Special Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds-Original Issue \$5,060,000

Refunding bonds were issued on May 17, 2007 by the Clayton Financing Authority in the principal amount of \$5,060,000 to refund the Authority's 1997 Special Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "1997 Bonds"), finance the acquisition and construction of certain public capital improvements (the Project), establish a reserve fund for the Bonds (funded part in cash and part from a reserve fund surety bond), and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The 1997 Bonds were issued to purchase the CFD 1990-1 local obligations, which are recovered by special assessment revenues from CFD 1990-1. Principal payments are payable on September 2 of each year. Interest payments are payable semi-annually on March 2 and September 2. The bonds are non city obligations and are secured by revenues received by the Authority as the result of the payment of debt service on the CFD 1990-1 Local Obligations. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the non-city bond obligation was \$1,190,000.

8. UNEARNED AND DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred Revenue

Deferred inflows of resources were recorded in the fund financial statements because the funds were not available to finance expenditures of the current period. At June 30, 2020, deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements were as follows.

				Successor		Total
	General		Housing		G	overnmental
	Fund		Agency		Funds	
Deferred revenue						
Unavailable state-mandated						
program reimbursements	\$	265,546	\$	-	\$	265,546
Unavailable loans receivable		<u>-</u>		2,940,000		2,940,000
Total deferred revenue	\$	265,546	\$	2,940,000	\$	3,205,546

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City participates in the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California (MPA), a joint powers agreement between twenty cities, which provides insurance coverage for liability, auto, property, and workers' compensation claims. Claims liabilities are accrued when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The MPA covers claims in an amount up to \$29,000,000. The City has a deductible of \$5,000 per claim for liability cases and no deductible for workers' compensation claims. Once the City's deductible is met, the MPA becomes responsible for payment of all claims and legal defense. The MPA is governed by a board consisting of one voting representative from each member municipality. The Board controls the operations of the MPA including selection of management, approval of operating budgets, and is independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board. The City's general liability and workers' compensation premium payments made to MPA for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 are in accordance with formulas established by the MPA. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating. Financial statements may be obtained from MPA at 1911 San Miguel Drive, Suite 200, Walnut Creek, CA 94596. The City has had no settlements which exceeded insurance coverage during fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Estimates of incurred, but not reported, liability claims are included in the City's claims estimates and based upon historical experiences as calculated by the MPA.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes (not accounting purposes) and membership information is listed in the latest Annual Actuarial Valuation Report as of June 30, 2018. This report is a publicly available valuation report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications. All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Public Safety (police) and Miscellaneous (all other) defined benefit pension plans. Both the Public Safety and Miscellaneous plans are part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan (PERF C), which is administered by CalPERS. PERF C consists of a Safety and Miscellaneous pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer safety and miscellaneous rate plans, respectively. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be obtained from CalPERS at 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service become vested and are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Pension Plan						
	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III (PEPRA)*				
Hire Date	Before 7/1/2010	On or after 7/1/2020 but Before 1/1/2013	On or after 1/1/2013				
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62				
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service				
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life				
Minimum retirement age	50	50	52				
Monthly benefits, as % of							
eligible compensation	1. 426% - 2. 418%	1. 092% - 2. 418%	1.0% - 2.5%				
		Safety Pension Plan	1				
	Tier I	Safety Pension Plan Tier II	Tier III (PEPRA)*				
Hire Date		•					
Hire Date Benefit formula	Tier I	Tier II On or after 7/1/2010 but	Tier III (PEPRA)* On or after				
	Tier I Before 7/1/2020	Tier II On or after 7/1/2010 but Before 1/1/2013	Tier III (PEPRA)* On or after 1/1/2013				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	Tier I Before 7/1/2020 3% @ 55 5 years of service Monthly for life	On or after 7/1/2010 but Before 1/1/2013 2% @ 50 5 years of service Monthly for life	On or after 1/1/2013 2. 7% @ 57 5 years of service Monthly for life				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Minimum retirement age	Tier I Before 7/1/2020 3% @ 55 5 years of service	On or after 7/1/2010 but Before 1/1/2013 2% @ 50 5 years of service	On or after 1/1/2013 2. 7% @ 57 5 years of service				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	Tier I Before 7/1/2020 3% @ 55 5 years of service Monthly for life	On or after 7/1/2010 but Before 1/1/2013 2% @ 50 5 years of service Monthly for life	On or after 1/1/2013 2. 7% @ 57 5 years of service Monthly for life				

^{*}The California Public Employees' Reform Act (PEPRA) was enacted in 2012 and became effective January 1, 2013.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2020 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each plan:

	M	<u>iscellaneo</u>	us	Public Safety			
	Tier I	Tier II	<u>PEPRA</u>	Tier I	Tier II	PEPRA	
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)							
currently receiving benefits	25	1	-	19	-	-	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet							
receiving benefits	8	2	1	4	1	1	
Active employees	3	3	9	4		8	
Total	36	6	10	27	1	9	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to pay any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined, were as follows:

		Employer Contributions				
	Nor	mal Cost	Ur	rfunded		
	Perce	entage of	A	ctuarial		Total
Pension Plan	P	ayroll	L	<u>iability </u>		
Miscellaneous Tier I	\$	42,728	\$	191,237	\$	233,965
Miscellaneous Tier II		14,617		1,096		15,713
Miscellaneous PEPRA		37,132		2,056		39,188
Public Safety Tier I		<i>73,</i> 759		153,231		226,990
Public Safety Tier II		-		616		616
Public Safety PEPRA		75,730		1,837		77,567
Total	\$	243,966	\$	350,073	\$	594,039

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Contributions, Continued

The following is a summary of actuarially determined employer and contractually determined employee pension contribution rates as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Employer	Employee
Pension Plan	Contribution Rate	Contribution Rate
Miscellaneous Tier I	9.680	7.000^{1}
Miscellaneous Tier II	8.081	7. 000
Miscellaneous PEPRA	6.985	6.750
Public Safety Tier I	17.678	9. 000
Public Safety Tier II	16.636	9.000
Public Safety PEPRA	13.034	12. 000

¹ Paid on behalf of employee per labor agreement referred to as

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2020, the City reported total net pension liabilities for its proportionate share in both the Miscellaneous and Safety plans as follows:

			Pro	oportionate
	Net Per	nsion Liability	Sh	are of Net
Pension Plan		(Asset)	Pens	sion Liability
Miscellaneous	\$	2,160,840		0. 05396%
Public Safety		2,714,068		0. 04348%
Total	\$	4,874,908	\$	0. 04757%

The City's net pension liability was based on the proportionate shares (in dollars) determined by CalPERS based on individual actuarial measurement specific to each rate plan in the Miscellaneous Pool and the Safety Pool. The City's total proportionate share of the cost-sharing plan pension amounts is the sum of the pension amounts allocated to each of the City's Miscellaneous and Safety rate plans. The City's net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2019, using annual actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures.

[&]quot;Employee Paid Member Contribution" (EPMC) by CalPERS.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ending June 30, 2020 the City recognized a total pension expense of \$494,195. At June 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D€	eterred	De	eterred
	Out	flows of	Inflows of	
	Re	sources	Res	sources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	577,734	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		75,115
Change in employer's proportion		6,626		79,067
Changes in assumptions		214,284		58,235
Differences between actual and expected experiences		319,614		3,957
Differences between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportion share of contributions		19,218		112,443
Total	\$	1,137,476	\$	328,817

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, Continued

Of the reported deferred outflows of resources, \$577,734 is related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021 (measurement period ended June 30, 2020). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Employer Specific Amounts

						221020,020	CCITIC I II	TTO OLITOO	
							Differer	ice Between	
							Actı	ıal and	
							Propo	ortionate	
Fiscal	Misc	ellaneous		Safety	Ch	ange in	Sh	are of	
Year End	Ri	sk Pool	Ri	isk Pool	Pro	portion	Contr	ibutions_	Total
2021	\$	158,997	\$	198,077	\$	(25,750)	\$	(22,444)	\$ 308,880
2022		(17,337)		(7,074)		(30,058)		(38,656)	(93,125)
2023		17,891		31,135		(16,633)		(32,125)	268
2024		7,634		7,268		-		_	14,902

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7. 15%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7. 15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7. 15% will be applied to all plans in the PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website at www. calpers. ca. gov.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS has taken into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class ¹	Allocation	Years 1-10 ²	Years 11+3
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5. 98%
Fixed Income	28. 00%	1.00%	2. 62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7. 23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4. 93%
Liquidity	1.00%	-	-0. 92%
Total	100.00%		

¹In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities: Liquidity is included In Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities

²An expected inflation of 2. 00% is used for this period

³An expected inflation of 2. 92% is used for this period.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions and methods were used to calculate the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Discount Rate 7. 15% Inflation 2. 50%

Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Derived using specific CalPERS Membership Data for all Funds.

Incorporates 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of

Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2. 50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Floor on Purchasing Power applies.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation can be obtained from CalPERS at their website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7. 15%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6. 15%) or 1-percentage point higher (8. 15%) than the current rate:

	N	<u> </u>	Safety		Total		
1% decrease Net pension liability	\$	6. 15% \$ 3,374,900		6. 15% \$ 4,330,330		6. 15% 7,705,230	
Current discount rate Net pension liability	\$	7. 15% 2,160,840	\$	7. 15% \$ 2,714,068		7. 15% 4,874,908	
1% increase Net pension liability	\$	8. 15% 1,158,719	8. 15 % \$ 1,388,985		\$	8. 15% 2,547,704	

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports. The plan's fiduciary net position disclosed per the GASB Statement No. 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. For the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the City's funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early financial statement closing and final reconciled reserves.

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City of Clayton Retired Employee Health Care Program is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare program administered by the City of Clayton. The program offers medical only (no dental) insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their families through the same self-insured program coverage to active City employees. In connection with this, the City has established a plan to provide post-employment benefits other than pensions as defined in *California Public Employees* 'Retirement Law section 7500-7514. 5. The plan provides employees who retire directly from the City, at a minimum age of 50, with a minimum of five years of service, a cash subsidy for monthly medical insurance premiums to a cap of \$133 per employee per month as of June 30, 2020. This monthly subsidy is the statutory minimum employer premium contribution under the California Public Employee's Medical and Health Care Act (PEMHCA). To be eligible for this OPEB health coverage, employees must retire within 120 days of separation from employment with the City and also receive a monthly retirement warrant. Furthermore, to be eligible for retiree health benefits, the City of Clayton must still contract with CalPERS for health benefits. Once a retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, these benefits are integrated with the Medicare plan. Separate stand-alone audited financial statements are not issued for this plan.

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the plan:

Active employees	27
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	9
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	
Total employees	36

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

Contributions

The City does not have an actuarially-determined contribution requirement as an irrevocable trust has not yet been established. The City currently administers the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis with eight (9) retirees currently receiving the PEMHCA minimum benefit. Total retiree OPEB premium payments, excluding the implicit rate subsidy of \$14,578 were made by the City during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2020 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (AMM)
Discount Rate	2. 66%
Inflation Rate	3. 00%
Salary Rate Increase	4. 00%
Mortality Rate	PubG. H-2010 Mortality Table - General
Funded Ratio	0.00%
Health Care Trends	
Initial Health Care Cost Trend Rate	6. 30%
Ultimate Health Care Cost Trend Rate	4. 50%
Fiscal Year the Ultimate Rate is Reached	Fiscal Year 2035

Discount Rate

As of June 30, 2020, the City has not established a dedicated irrevocable trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. Pursuant to GASBS 75, the discount rate should be a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). A rate of 2. 66% is used, with is the Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond 20-Year High-Grade Rate Index as of actuarial valuation date.

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB		
	Li	Liability		Net Position		Liability	
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$	570,116	\$	-	\$	570,116	
Changes recognized for the measurement period:							
Service Cost		21,745		-		21,745	
Interest on total OPEB liability		15,090		-		15,090	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(11,405)		-		(11,405)	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(4,186)		-		(4,186)	
Employer contributions		-		_		=	
Active and inactive employee contributions		-		-		=	
Net investment income		-		_		=	
Benefit payments*		(58,507)		-		(58,507)	
Administrative expenses		-		-		-	
Other changes		3,047				3,047	
Net changes		(34,216)		<u>-</u>		(34,216)	
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$	535,900	\$		\$	535,900	
*Includes the Implicit Rate Subsidy							

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or higher than the current rate, as of the measurement June 30, 2020 date:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.66%)	(2. 66%)	(3. 66%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 500,328	8 \$ 535,900	\$ 576,560

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement the period ended June 30, 2020:

			C	urrent		
	1%	Decrease	Disco	ount Rate	1%	Increase
	(5. 30%)		(6. 30%)		(7. 30%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	558,559	\$	535,900	\$	516,175

11. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As the City has not established an irrevocable trust to pay retiree health care benefits, the plan has a fiduciary net position of \$0 as of June 30, 2020.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense over an assumed expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of 10. 70 years.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB revenue of \$20,062. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	d Outflows	Deferr	ed Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between actual and expected experiences	\$	16,301	\$	9,933
Changes in assumptions		28,316		20,020
Difference between expected and actual earnings on OPEB				
plan investments		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$	44,617	\$	29,953

As an irrevocable trust for payment of retiree health benefits has not been established, there are no contributions subsequent to the measurement date to report, which would otherwise be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Def	ferred	
Fiscal Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)		
June 30	of Resources		
2021	\$	1,609	
2022		1,609	
2023		1,609	
2024		1,609	
2025		1,609	
Thereafter		6,619	
Total	\$	14,664	

12. REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES

Background

On June 28, 2011, the California State Legislature adopted two pieces of legislation - AB IX 26 and AB IX 27 (the Bill) - that eliminated redevelopment agencies and provided cities with the opportunity to preserve their redevelopment agency if they agreed to make certain payments to the County Auditor Controller. On behalf of cities and redevelopment agencies throughout the State, the League of California Cities and California Redevelopment Association requested a stay on the implementation of both pieces of legislation and filed a lawsuit with the California Supreme Court challenging both pieces of legislation. The stay was rejected and on December 29, 2011, the Supreme Court validated AB IX 26 and overturned AB IX 27. Further, the Supreme Court indicated that all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were to be dissolved and cease operations as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Under the new law, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations, or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished project that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In fiscal years subsequent to the statutory dissolution date, successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directed the California State Controller to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller was required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the Successor Agency by the Bill.

Amongst numerous requirements, AB IX 26 required the following:

- Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, assets of the former redevelopment agency
 must be disposed expeditiously and property tax revenue generated by a former redevelopment agency
 can only be used to pay enforceable obligations (i. e. debt obligations and other third party contractual
 obligations);
- ii. Either the city or another unit of local government may agree to serve as the "Successor Agency" to hold the net position until they are distributed to units of state and local government;
- iii. Successor agencies may transfer housing functions of the former redevelopment agency to the appropriate entity; and
- iv. Any property tax revenue in excess of enforceable obligations is to be distributed by county auditor controllers to taxing entities, which includes the City, as surplus property tax.

12. REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES, Continued

Background, Continued

As a result of the restrictions placed on the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency, they were transferred to a private purpose trust fund on February 1, 2012. Prior to the transfer, the Redevelopment Agency was treated as a blended component unit of the City until the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. On January 11, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency in accordance with AB IX 26 as part of City resolution number 03-2012.

Subsequent to the adoption of AB IX 26 and AB IX 27, the California State Legislature adopted AB 1484 in June 2012. Among other things, AB 1484 required the following:

- i. A process to transfer housing assets of the former redevelopment agency to the entity designated to receive these assets. In the case of the City, assets with a total value of \$14,057,320 and liabilities with a total value of \$10,999,595 were transferred to the Successor Agency from the former Redevelopment Agency.
- ii. Requirements that the Successor Agency must complete due diligence reviews (DDRs) of the assets of the former Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund and all other funds of the former redevelopment agency. The DDRs of the Clayton Successor Agency were finalized and approved by the Oversight Board on October 9, 2014 via Resolution No. 2014-04 and 2014-05. These reports concluded that payments of \$887,404 and \$3,791,725 are required to be remitted to Contra Costa County by the Redevelopment Successor Agency and Successor Housing Agency respectively.

The California Department of Finance (DOF) completed their review of the low and moderate income housing funds and issued a final determination letter to the City dated April 24, 2015 with no modifications. The Successor Housing Agency issued the payment specified by the DOF's low and moderate housing funds determination letter in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, resulting in a net extraordinary loss of \$3,616,725 for the year then ended.

On November 30, 2015, the DOF issued their final determination letter approving the all other funds DDR report with modifications. The modifications required an additional payment of \$230,983 to the County Auditor-Controller, which was reported as an Extraordinary Loss of the City's General Fund in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The Successor Agency issued the payment specified by the DOF's final all other funds determination letter to the County Auditor-Controller's office in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, resulting in an extraordinary loss of \$1,025,396 for the year then ended.

12. REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES, Continued

Background, Continued

Upon the DOF's approval of the DDRs, and the distribution of unobligated funds, the Successor Agency is authorized to apply for a "Finding of Completion". The Finding of Completion enables the Successor Agency to transfer and sell land and buildings of the former Redevelopment Agency, subject to the review and approval of a Property Management Plan by the State Department of Finance. In addition by receiving the Finding of Completion, the City may establish loans between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency as enforceable obligations. The Clayton Successor Received its finding of completion from the DOF on December 30, 2015.

Successor Agency Assets and Liabilities

Cash and Investments

The total cash and investments balance of \$767,071 is presented in a format consistent with GASBS 31 and is presented at fair value. Pursuant to AB IX 26 and AB 1484, all unencumbered cash balances have been previously distributed to the County Auditor-Controller for distribution to taxing entitles. See Note 2 for further information and disclosures regarding the City's pooled cash and investments.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments with fiscal agents of \$13 at June 30, 2020 is restricted cash and investments designated for debt service payments.

Inter-Agency Loans

Notes Receivable transferred from former RDA to Successor Agency, effective February 1, 2012:

The former RDA provided assistance to special assessment districts within the City, to fund repairs and improvements. The High Street Permanent Road Division and Oak Street Sewer Assessment District received loans from the former RDA to finance necessary infrastructure improvements. These loans are secured by special assessment property tax levies within the District's boundaries. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the loans due to the Successor Agency was \$70,751.

On May 10, 2011, the former Redevelopment Agency received a loan from the Low to Moderate Income Housing Fund in the amount of \$592,412 to partially cover a demand from the California Department of Finance (DOF) for property tax revenues to K-12 schools during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 via the Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Funds (SERAF). Pursuant to the DOF determination letter approving the 2017-18 Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) dated March 17, 2017, the loan will be repaid by the Successor Agency through the ROPS process in four (4) installments commencing in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The loan is non-interest bearing and had an outstanding balance due to the Successor Housing Agency of \$148,103 as of June 30, 2020.

City of Clayton Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

12. REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES, Continued

Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance			Balance	Due in one
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2020	<u>year</u>
2014 Tax Refunding					
Allocation Bonds	\$ 2,340,000	\$ -	\$ (415,000)	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 420,000
Total	\$ 2,340,000	\$ -	\$ (415,000)	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 420,000

2014 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds

Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2014, in the principal amount of \$3,790,000 were issued on June 25, 2014 by the Successor Agency. Principal payments are payable on August 1 of each year, beginning on August 1, 2015. Interest payments are payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The bonds are special obligations of the Successor Agency and are secured by the Successor Agency's tax increment revenue.

The 2014 refunding was exercised in order to take advantage of more favorable interest rates. The refunding decreased the City's total debt service payments by approximately \$601,895. The transaction resulted in economic gain (difference between present value of the debt service on the old and new bonds) of approximately \$580,184. For the current year, principal and interest paid were \$415,000 and \$49,048, respectively.

The annual debt service requirements to amortize the Successor Agency's 2014 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending					
June 30	I	Principal	Interest		Total
2021	\$	420,000	\$ 39,445	\$	459,445
2022		360,000	30,475		390,475
2023		375,000	22,023		397,023
2024		380,000	13,340		393,340
2025		390,000	 4,484		394,484
Total	\$	1,925,000	\$ 109,767	_\$	2,034,767

City of Clayton Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

13. EQUITY BALANCES

Governmental Fund Balances

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned (see Note 1 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

			Major	Fund	s					
Fund Balance Classifcations	General Fund	Ma	andscape aintenance District	ŀ	uccessor Housing Agency	Imj	Capital provement Program	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
Nonspendable for: Notes receivable Prepaid expenses Total	\$ 69,252 30,911 100,163	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 69,252 30,911 100,163
Restricted for: Affordable housing Public landscaping Grant-funded programs The Grove Park (CFD 2006-1) Stormwater compliance Neighborhood street lighting Transportation Total	 - - - - - -		563,887 - - - - - 563,887		4,957,952 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - -		213,694 406,456 20,156 46,288 244,238 930,832	4,957,952 563,887 213,694 406,456 20,156 46,288 244,238 6,452,671
Committed for: Presley Settlement Geological hazard prevention and repair Development impact Total	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		3,209 554,479 669,841	112,153 3,209 554,479 669,841
Assigned for: Next year's budget Capital projects Total	 409,482		499,700		- - -		1,663,367 1,663,367		1,004,737 - 1,004,737	 1,913,919 1,663,367 3,577,286
Unassigned Total Fund Balance	 5,654,925 6,164,570		1,063,587		4,957,952		1,663,367		(23,566) 2,581,844	 5,631,359 16,431,320
	 		,,		, ,		, ,		,,	

On February 3, 2016 the City Council approved the assignment and appropriation of \$389,895 in General Fund reserves arising from the surplus reported in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The purpose of this assignment was to address specific one-time capital and operational needs of the City that could not be addressed in the annual operating budget. At June 30, 2020, the balance of this assignment was \$33,542, which was rolled into next year's budget for the specified City Council-authorized purposes.

City of Clayton Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

13. EQUITY BALANCES, Continued

Governmental Fund Balances, Continued

On January 16, 2018 the City Council approved the assignment and appropriation of \$299,000 in General Fund reserves arising from the surplus reported in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The purpose of this assignment was to address specific one-time capital and operational needs of the City that could not be addressed in the annual operating budget. At June 30, 2020, the balance of this assignment was \$42,640, which was rolled into next year's budget for the specified City Council-authorized purposes.

On June 23, 2020 the City Council approved the assignment and appropriation of \$333,300 in General Fund reserves arising from the surplus reported in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The purpose of this assignment was to create a new rainy day fund for the City. At June 30, 2020, the balance of this assignment was \$333,300, which was rolled into next year's budget for the specified City Council-authorized purposes.

Net Position

The restricted component of net position includes assets subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The restricted component of net position at June 30, 2020 for governmental activities includes:

Restricted for community and economic developme	nt:	
Affordable housing	\$	10,552,245
Restricted for public works:		
Public landscaping (CFD 2007-1)		563,887
Stormwater state mandate compliance		20,156
Neighborhood street lighting		46,288
Transportation		244,238
Restricted for general government:		
Grant-funded programs		175,396
Restricted for parks and recreation:		
The Grove Park (CFD 2006-1)		406,456
Restricted for public safety:		
Grant-funded programs		38,298
Total restricted net position	\$_	12,046,964

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Clayton Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Property taxes					Variance from
Property taxes		Adopted	Einal		Final Budget
REVENUES Property taxes \$2,508,500 \$2,508,500 \$2,587,812 \$79,312 Sales and use taxes 497,100 497,100 512,868 15,768 Business licenses 145,000 145,000 140,620 (4,380) Permits, licenses and fees 171,440 171,440 1153,629 (17,811) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 98,800 98,800 99,556 (5,244) Intergovernmental 103,900 103,900 103,940 40 Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,677 77 Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 562,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588<		-		Actual	
Property taxes \$2,508,500 \$2,508,500 \$2,587,812 \$79,312 Sales and use taxes 497,100 497,100 512,868 15,768 Business licenses 145,000 145,000 140,620 (4,380) Permits, licenses and fees 171,440 171,440 153,629 (17,811) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 98,800 98,800 93,556 (5,244) Intergovernmental 103,900 103,900 103,900 40 Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,677 77 Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 556,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues 1,281,130 1,281,330 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and re	REVENUES	<u> Duuget</u>	<u> </u>	Actual	(Negative)
Sales and use taxes 497,100 497,100 512,868 15,768 Business licenses 145,000 145,000 140,620 (4,380) Permits, licenses and fees 171,440 171,440 153,629 (17,811) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 98,800 98,800 93,556 (5,244) Intergovernmental 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,940 40 Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,600 167,607 77 Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 565,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 334,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues 4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works	REVENCES				
Business licenses 145,000 145,000 140,620 (4,380) Permits, licenses and fees 171,440 171,440 153,629 (17,811) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 98,800 98,800 93,556 (5,244) Intergovernmental 103,900 103,900 103,940 40 Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,607 77 Franchise fees 538,400 565,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,995,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current General government 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,32	Property taxes	\$2,508,500	\$2,508,500	\$ 2,587,812	\$ 79,312
Permits, licenses and fees 171,440 153,629 (17,811) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 98,800 98,800 93,556 (5,244) Intergovernmental 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 103,900 106,777 78 24,493 6,627 22,402 102,002 20,402 102,002 20,489 781 10,002 <td< td=""><td>Sales and use taxes</td><td>497,100</td><td>497,100</td><td>512,868</td><td></td></td<>	Sales and use taxes	497,100	497,100	512,868	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties 98,800 98,800 93,556 (5,244) Intergovernmental 103,900 103,900 103,940 40 Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,677 7 Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 565,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500					
Intergovernmental 103,900 103,940 40 Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,677 77 Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 565,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues 84,694,510 4,994,510 4,905,579 211,069		171,440			, ,
Other in-lieu fees 167,600 167,600 167,677 7 Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 565,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 334,870 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 341,340 256,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 36,393 7 36,393 Total Expenditures					(5,244)
Franchise fees 538,400 538,400 565,893 27,493 Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 30,489 20,489 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 3 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Transfers in 119,690 119,					
Service charges 331,570 331,570 324,893 (6,677) Use of money and property 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Use of money and property Other revenue 122,200 122,200 224,202 102,002 Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351)				565,893	
Other revenue 10,000 10,000 30,489 20,489 Total Revenues \$4,694,510 4,694,510 4,905,579 211,069 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,281,130 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) (28,649) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance (46,643) (46,643) (46,643) 404,425 451,068 FUN					` ,
Total Revenues					102,002
Current: General government 1,281,130 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,6637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 19,690 - 17,000 Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$(46,643) \$(46,643) 404,425 \$451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145					
Current: Current: Ceneral government 1,281,130 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068<	Total Revenues	\$4,694,510	4,694,510	4,905,579	211,069
General government 1,281,130 1,281,130 1,280,349 781 Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year <	EXPENDITURES				
Public works 302,570 302,570 354,189 (51,619) Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Current:				
Parks and recreation services 429,910 429,910 359,588 70,322 Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	General government	1,281,130	1,281,130	1,280,349	781
Community and economic development 341,340 341,340 258,637 82,703 Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145 5,760,145 5,760,145	Public works	302,570	302,570	354,189	(51,619)
Public safety 2,419,500 2,419,500 2,346,730 72,770 Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 119,690 119,690 119,690 - Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Parks and recreation services	429,910	429,910	359,588	70,322
Capital Outlay 36,393 36,393 - 36,393 Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Community and economic development	341,340	341,340	258,637	82,703
Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Public safety	2,419,500	2,419,500	2,346,730	72,770
Total Expenditures 4,810,843 4,810,843 4,599,493 211,350 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (116,333) (116,333) 306,086 422,419 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Capital Outlay	36,393	36,393	-	36,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 119,690 119,690 119,690 119,690 119,690 119,690 (21,351) 28,649 (21,351) 28,649 (21,351) 28,649 (21,351) 28,649 (21,351) (21,3				4,599,493	
Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 119,690 (50,000) (21,351) (21,351) (28,649) (50,000) (21,351) (28,649) (28,649) (28,64	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(116,333)	(116,333)	306,086	422,419
Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out (50,000) (50,000) (21,351) 28,649 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Transfers in	119,690	119,690	119,690	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 69,690 69,690 98,339 28,649 Change in fund balance \$ (46,643) \$ (46,643) 404,425 \$ 451,068 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Transfers out				28,649
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 5,760,145	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		69,690	98,339	28,649
Beginning of year	Change in fund balance	\$ (46,643)	\$ (46,643)	404,425	\$ 451,068
	FUND BALANCE				
End of year <u>\$ 6,164,570</u>	Beginning of year			5,760,145	
	End of year			\$ 6,164,570	

City of Clayton Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Landscape Maintenance District

	Adopted	Final		Variance from Final Budget Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Special parcel tax	\$ 1,155,398	\$ 1,155,398	\$ 1,156,944	\$ 1,546	
Use of money and property	20,000	20,000	44,185	24,185	
Other revenue			1,805		
Total Revenues	1,175,398	1,175,398	1,202,934	25,731	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public works	1,117,500	1,117,500	1,034,174	83,326	
Capital Outlay	363,157	363,157	291,959	71,198	
Total Expenditures	1,480,657	1,480,657	1,326,133	154,524	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(305,259)	(305,259)	(123,199)	180,255	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
T	(20.050)	(20.050)	(20.050)		
Transfers out	(39,850)	(39,850)	(39,850)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(39,850)	(39,850)	(39,850)		
Change in fund balance	\$ (345,109)	\$ (345,109)	(163,049)	\$ 182,060	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year			1,226,636		
End of year			\$ 1,063,587		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Successor Housing Agency

REVENUES	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	h 101 100	.	h 101 100	•	
Program income	\$ 101,400 20,000	\$ 101,400 20,000	\$ 101,400	\$ - 7.949	
Use of money and property Total Revenues	121,400	121,400	27,848 129,248	7,848 7,848	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Community and economic development	39,855	39,855	37,618	2,237	
Total Expenditures	39,855	39,855	37,618	2,237	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	81,545	81,545	91,630	10,085	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Unrealized gains (losses)	-	_	211,761	211,761	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			211,761	211,761	
Change in fund balance	\$ 81,545	\$ 81,545	303,391	\$ 221,846	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year			4,654,561		
End of year			\$ 4,957,952		

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last 10 Years*

			Fiscal Year En	Fiscal Year Ending June 30*		
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Date	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.047570%	0.048490%	0.049420%	0.051003%	0.052357%	0.030626%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 4,874,908	\$ 4,672,754	\$ 4,901,330	\$ 4,413,357	\$ 3,593,771	\$ 3,693,394
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll**	\$ 2,016,021	\$ 1,995,400	\$ 1,931,042	\$ 1,820,066	\$ 1,706,509	\$ 1,963,054
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	241.81%	234.18%	253.82%	242.48%	210.59%	188.15%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	75.26%	76.24%	73.86%	74.06%	78.40%	%09'2/2

^{*} Fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years, as information becomes available.

^{**} For the year ending on the measurement date.

Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions Last 10 Years*

					June 30,	30,						
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Actuarially determined contributions*	\$ 577,734	4. &	530,067	\$	612,898	\$	573,677	€	530,677	\$	375,647	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	577,734	4 	530,067		612,898		573,677		530,677		375,647	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	€	⊕	1	\$	1	8	1	\$	1	8	1	
Covered-employee payroll**	\$ 2,064,898	<u>\$</u>	2,016,021		\$ 1,995,400	\$	1,931,042	\$	\$ 1,820,066	\$	602'902'1	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	27.98%	%	26.29%		30.72%		29.71%		29.16%		22.01%	

^{*} Excludes employer-paid member contributions (EPMC)

Actuarially determined contribution assumptions:**

Valuation Date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization periods
Asset valuation method
Inflation
Salary increases
Discount rate***

Differs by employer rate plan but not more than 30 years

Market value of assets

2.625%

Varies by entry age and service

Level percent of pay, direct rate smoothing

Entry age normal cost method

June 30, 2017

7.25% (net of administrative expenses)
Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

DRAFT 01.22.21 2PM

^{**} For the fiscal year ending on the date shown

^{*} Fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, future years' information will be displayed, up to 10 years, as information becomes available. ** From the CalPERS reports found at:

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/actuarial-valuation-section2-miscellaneous-2017.pdf

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/actuarial-valuation-section2-safety-2017.pdf

^{***} The discount rate used for Actuarially Determined Contributions (ARC) is different from the one used for Total Pension Liability.

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years*

		iscal Year Ended ne 30, 2020	nded Ended			Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	
Measurement Date	6,	/30/2020	6/29/2019		6/	/29/2018	
Total OPEB Liability:							
Total OPEB liability - Beginning	\$	570,116	\$	545,327	\$	464,490	
Changes recognized for the measurement period:							
Service cost		21,745		28,428		27,530	
Interest on total OPEB liability		15,090		15,783		15,800	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		45,605	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(11,405)		-		22,654	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(4,186)		9,159		16,307	
Benefit payments ¹		(58,507)		(31,408)		(30,226)	
Other changes		3,047		2,827		(16,833)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(34,216)		24,789		80,837	
Total OPEB liability - Ending		535,900		570,116		545,327	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:							
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Changes recognized for the measurement period:	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		
Contributions - Employer		_		_		_	
Net investment income		_		_		_	
Benefit payments		_		_		_	
Administrative expense		_		_		_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position							
Plan fiduciary net position - Ending ²		-		_			
, 1							
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$</u>	535,900	\$	570,116	\$	545,327	
Plan Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the							
total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,307,289	\$	2,016,021	\$	1,995,400	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered							
employee payroll		23.23%		28.28%		27.33%	

^{*} Fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, future years' information will be displayed, up to 10 years, as information becomes available.

¹ Includes the implicit rate subsidy.

² As of the year ended June 30, 2020 the City had not established an irrevocable trust for payment of OPEB plan benefits.

Schedule of OPEB Plan Contributions Last 10 Years*

	scal Year Ended ne 30, 2020	scal Year Ended ne 30, 2019	 scal Year Ended te 30, 2018
Actuarially determined contributions (ADC) ¹	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the ADC			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered-employee payroll ²	\$ 2,307,289	\$ 2,016,021	\$ 1,995,400
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

^{*} Fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years, as information becomes available.

¹ As of the year ended June 30, 2020 the City had not established an irrevocable trust for payment of OPEB plan benefits.

²For the fiscal year ending on the date shown

City of Clayton Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2020

1. BUDGETARY PRINCIPLES

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- By June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Continuing appropriations are re-budgeted by the City Council as part of the adoption of subsequent year's budgets.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution during a City Council meeting in the month of June.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within an activity, within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- Formal budgeting is employed as a management control device during the year for the general, certain special revenue and debt service funds. The Presley Settlement, Stormwater Treatment District Assessment, and Clayton Development Impact Fees funds are not budgeted for and thus do not have budget to actual comparison statements.
- Budgets for the general, certain special revenue and debt service funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP).
- Budgets for capital projects funds are adopted on a project-life basis.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. Budget amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

2. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

This information is intended to help users assess the City's Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan's status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other public employers.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Clayton Supplementary Information Major Governmental Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Improvement Program

				Variance from Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,616,172	\$ 1,616,172	\$ 518,628	\$ (1,097,544)
Program income	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property			57,868	57,868
Total Revenues	1,616,172	1,616,172	576,496	(1,039,676)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	2,996,371	2,996,371	759,680	2,236,691
Total Expenditures	2,996,371	2,996,371	759,680	2,236,691
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,380,199)	(1,380,199)	(183,184)	1,197,015
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in Transfers out	1,114,624 -	1,114,624 -	34,484	(1,080,140)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,114,624	1,114,624	34,484	(1,080,140)
Change in fund balance	\$ (265,575)	\$ (265,575)	(148,700)	\$ 116,875
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			1,812,067	
End of year			\$ 1,663,367	

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:

Development Impact Fees - Accounts for projects funded with the development impact fees.

Gas Tax HUTA - Accounts for taxes raised under Street and Highway Code Sections 2106, 2107 and 2107. 5, used for the maintenance and construction of City streets.

Gas Tax RMRA - Accounts for taxes raised under Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (SB1), used for the maintenance and construction of City streets.

Grants - Accounts for grants received for specific programs and projects.

The Grove Park District - Accounts for voter-approved real property special parcel taxes restricted for the operation, maintenance, repair and replacement landscaping, irrigation, hardscaping, lighting, public restroom, gazebo, and playground equipment for "The Grove Park" in the downtown area.

Measure J - Accounts for a \$0.05 sales tax extended by voters in 2004 to provide transportation and street improvements, a growth management process, and a regional planning process to address quality of life issues. A portion of their county wide voter-approved tax is returned to local governments.

Neighborhood Street Lighting District - Accounts for assessments collected to maintain residential street lighting within the defined benefit assessment district boundaries.

Oakhurst Geological Hazard Abatement District - Accounts for voter-approved real property assessments collected from Oakhurst parcels to provide preventive maintenance measures and to mitigate potential landslides and other hazardous geological conditions within the benefit assessment district boundaries.

Presley Settlement - Accounts for litigation settlement proceeds restricted for specific programs and projects.

Stormwater Assessment District - Accounts for real property assessments collected to comply with the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES).

Stormwater Treatment Assessment District - This fund was formed to provide a mechanism for the levying of private development (property) benefit assessments to fund the cost of inspections, maintenance and capital improvements related to the stormwater treatment requirements imposed upon the City by the Regional Water Quality Control Board as part of the City's General Stormwater Discharge Permit.

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheets - Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

					Spec	ial Revenue	9			
	Impact Fees H \$ 566,515 \$		Gas Tax HUTA		Gas Tax RMRA		Grants		ne Grove Park District	
ASSETS Cash and investments	ď	¢ 566.515 ¢		¢ 410.170		Ф 207.470		270.002	ď	400.000
Accounts receivable	Þ	566,515 -	Þ	410,178	\$	397,679 30,820	\$	379,983 3,673	\$	409,900
Total Assets	\$	566,515	\$	410,178	\$	428,499	\$	383,656	\$	409,900
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS O RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	12,036	\$	14,891	\$		\$	2,258	\$	3,444
Other payables	Ψ	12,030	Ψ	14,091	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,236	Ψ	<i>3,</i> 444
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_		_
Advance from other funds						_				
Total Liabilities		12,036		14,891				2,258		3,444
Fund Balance:										
Restricted		-		(4,385)		248,623		213,694		406,456
Committed		554,479		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		399,672		179,876		167,704		-
Unassigned						-				
Total Fund Balance		554,479		395,287		428,499		381,398		406,456
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow	s									
of Resources and Fund Balances		566,515	\$	410,178	\$	428,499	\$	383,656	\$	409,900

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheets - Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Special Revenue													
				О	akhurst								
					eological						mwater		. 10.1
			ghborhood et Lighting		Hazard Patement	-	Presley	Sto	rmwater	_	atment essment		otal Other vernmental
М	easure J		District		District		ettlement		sessment		istrict	Go	Funds
\$	89,498 -	\$	94,979 -	\$	57,972 -	\$	112,153 -	\$	41,946 45,716	\$		\$	2,560,803 80,209
\$	89,498	\$	94,979	\$	57,972	\$	112,153	\$	87,662	\$		\$	2,641,012
\$	1,207	\$	10,472	\$	1,360	\$	-	\$	13,500	\$	-	\$	59,168
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	_		-		-		_		-		-		-
	1,207		10,472		1,360				13,500				59,168
	1,207		10,472		1,300		<u>-</u> _		13,300		<u> </u>	_	39,100
			46,288		-		-		20,156		-		930,832
	- 111 055		-		3,209		112,153		-		-		669,841
	111,857 (23,566)		38,219		53,403		-		54,006		-		1,004,737 (23,566)
	(23,300)												(23,300)
	88,291		84,507		56,612		112,153		74,162		_		2,581,844
\$	89,498	\$	94,979	\$	57,972	\$	112,153	\$	87,662	\$		\$	2,641,012

City of Clayton Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue									
	Development Impact Fees	Gas Tax HUTA	Gas Tax RMRA	Grants	The Grove Park District					
REVENUES	¢.	ф 40 F01	¢.	¢.	ф 120 000					
Special parcel taxes and assessments Permits, licenses and fees	\$ -	\$ 40,591	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138,090 1,125					
Intergovernmental	_	272,856	219,589	173,304	-					
Use of money and property	21,649	14,824	13,265	14,431	14,729					
Other revenue			<u> </u>		1,000					
Total Revenues	21,649	328,271	232,854	187,735	154,944					
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	-	-	-	37,071	-					
Public works	-	176,936	-	-	-					
Parks and recreation services	-	-	-	-	92,947					
Community and economic development Public safety	-	-	-	116,600	-					
Capital outlay	12,011	-	-	9,521	_					
•			·							
Total Expenditures	12,011	176,936	·	163,192	92,947					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	9,638	151,335	232,854	24,543	61,997					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	-	(22 = 42)	-	-	(= 000)					
Transfers out		(23,743)	·		(7,880)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(23,743)	<u>-</u>		(7,880)					
Net change in fund balances	9,638	127,592	232,854	24,543	54,117					
FUND BALANCES										
Beginning of year	544,841	267,695	195,645	356,855	352,339					
End of year	\$ 554,479	\$ 395,287	\$ 428,499	\$ 381,398	\$ 406,456					

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - For the year ended June 30, 2020

					Special 1	Revei	nue							
M	leasure J	Stre	ghborhood et Lighting District	Ge H Ab	akhurst ological Iazard atement District		Presley ttlement		ormwater sessment	Tro Ass	rmwater eatment essment District	Total Other Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	125,991	\$	41,064	\$	-	\$	79,553	\$	-	\$	425,289	
	-		-		-		-		63,365		-		64,490	
	275,395				-		-		-		-		941,144	
	9,689		3,459		1,945		4,237		1,462		-		99,690	
	<u>-</u>												1,000	
	285,084		129,450		43,009		4,237		144,380				1,531,613	
	_				_						_		37,071	
	26,176		129,105		13,721		-		119,304		-		465,242	
			-		-		_		-		_		92,947	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		116,600	
					2,635								24,167	
	26,176		129,105		16,356				119,304				736,027	
	258,908		345		26,653		4,237		25,076				795,586	
	_		_		_		_		1,090		2,550		3,640	
	(4,830)		(12,390)		(7,780)				(39,990)				(96,613)	
	(4,830)		(12,390)		(7,780)				(38,900)		2,550		(92,973)	
	254,078		(12,045)		18,873		4,237		(13,824)		2,550		702,613	
	(165,787)		96,552		37,739		107,916		87,986		(2,550)		1,879,231	
\$	88,291	\$	84,507	\$	56,612	\$	112,153	\$		\$	(/ 3 /	\$	2,581,844	
φ	00,271	Φ	04,307	Φ	30,012	Φ	112,133	Φ	74,162	φ ====		Φ	4,301,044	

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Development Impact Fees

REVENUES	dopted Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Fina P	ance from al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Permits, licenses and fees Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$ 10,000 10,000	\$	10,000 10,000	\$	21,649 21,649	\$	- 11,649 11,649
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Public safety Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	 48,330 48,330		48,330 48,330		12,011 12,011		36,319 36,319
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(38,330)		(38,330)		9,638		47,968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Change in fund balance	\$ (38,330)	\$	(38,330)		9,638	\$	47,968
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of year					544,841		
End of year				\$	554,479		

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Gas Tax HUTA

REVENUES	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Special parcel taxes and assessments Intergovernmental Use of money and property Other revenue Total Revenues	\$ 39,300 305,890 3,000 - 348,190	\$ 39,300 305,890 3,000 - 348,190	\$ 40,591 272,856 14,824 - 328,271	\$ 1,291 (33,034) 11,824 - (19,919)
EXPENDITURES				
Public works	185,500	185,500	176,936	8,564
Total Expenditures	185,500	185,500	176,936	8,564
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	162,690	162,690	151,335	(11,355)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Change in fund balance	(364,595) (364,595) \$ (201,905)	(364,595) (364,595) \$ (201,905)	(23,743) (23,743) 127,592	340,852 340,852 \$ 329,497
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			267,695	
End of year			\$ 395,287	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Gas Tax RMRA

DEVENIUE	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$ 189,200 1,000 190,200	\$ 189,200 1,000 190,200	\$ 219,589 13,265 232,854	\$ 30,389 12,265 42,654
EXPENDITURES				
Public works				<u> </u>
Total Expenditures				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	190,200	190,200	232,854	42,654
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(359,147) (359,147)	(359,147) (359,147)		359,147 359,147
Change in fund balance	\$ (168,947)	\$ (168,947)	232,854	\$ 401,801
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			195,645	
End of year			\$ 428,499	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Grants

REVENUES	Adopted Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Fina Po	nce from l Budget ositive egative)
Intergovernmental	\$	147,200	\$	147,200	\$	173,304	\$	26,104
Use of money and property		5,000		5,000		14,431	-	9,431
Total Revenues		152,200		152,200		187,735		35,535
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		34,000		34,000		37,071		(3,071)
Public safety		120,870		120,870		116,600		4,270
Capital outlay		31,621		31,621		9,521		22,100
Total Expenditures		186,491		186,491		163,192		23,299
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(34,291)		(34,291)		24,543		58,834
Change in fund balance	\$	(34,291)	\$	(34,291)		24,543	\$	58,834
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of year						356,855		
End of year					\$	381,398		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - The Grove Park District

REVENUES	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Special parcel taxes and assessments	\$ 138,210	\$ 138,210	\$ 138,090	\$ (120)	
Permits, licenses and fees	1,200	1,200	1,125	(75)	
Use of money and property	6,000	6,000	14,729	8,729	
Other revenue	145 410	145 410	1,000	1,000	
Total Revenues	145,410	145,410	154,944	9,534	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Parks and recreation services	115,160	115,160	92,947	22,213	
Capital Outlay	- 445 470	- 445 470		- 22.212	
Total Expenditures	115,160	115,160	92,947	22,213	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	30,250	30,250	61,997	31,747	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(7,880)	(7,880)	(7,880)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,880)	(7,880)	(7,880)		
Change in fund balance	\$ 22,370	\$ 22,370	54,117	\$ 31,747	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year			352,339		
End of year			\$ 406,456		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Measure J

	Adopted Final Budget Budget		 Actual		ance from al Budget 'ositive egative)	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total Revenues	2	3,938 2,000 0,938	\$ 328,938 2,000 330,938	\$ 275,395 9,689 285,084	\$	(53,543) 7,689 (45,854)
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Public works	32	2,000	32,000	26,176		5,824
Total Expenditures	32,000		32,000	 26,176		5,824
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	298	3,938	298,938	 258,908		(40,030)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,772 <u>)</u> 5,772 <u>)</u>	 (353,772) (353,772)	 (4,830) (4,830)		348,942 348,942
Change in fund balance	\$ (54	,834)	\$ (54,834)	254,078	\$	308,912
FUND BALANCE		_				
Beginning of year				 (165,787)		
End of year				\$ 88,291		

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Neighborhood Street Lighting District

	Adopted Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Fina Po	ance from al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Special parcel taxes and assessments Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$	\$ 125,991 1,800 127,791		125,991 1,800 127,791	\$	125,991 3,459 129,450	\$	1,659 1,659
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Public works		149,050		149,050		129,105		19,945
Total Expenditures	149,050			149,050	129,105			19,945
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(21,259)		(21,259)		345			21,604
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,390) (12,390)		(12,390) (12,390)	_	(12,390) (12,390)		-
Change in fund balance	\$	(33,649)	\$	(33,649)		(12,045)	\$	21,604
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of year						96,552		
End of year					\$	84,507		

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Oakhurst Geological Hazard and Abatement District

REVENUES	1		Final Sudget	Actual		Fina Po	ance from I Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES								
Special parcel taxes and assessments Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$	42,712 200 42,912	\$	42,712 200 42,912	\$	41,064 1,945 43,009	\$	(1,648) 1,745 97
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		10.00		10.00		10 501		5.50 0
Public works Capital outlay		19,260		19,260 20,427		13,721 2,635		5,539 17,792
*		20,427					-	
Total Expenditures		39,687		39,687		16,356		23,331
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3,225		3,225		26,653		23,428
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(7,780)		(7,780)		(7,780)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(7,780)		(7,780)		(7,780)	-	
<i>g</i> (,		(,)		(,)		(,)		
Change in fund balance	\$	(4,555)	\$	(4,555)		18,873	\$	23,428
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of year						37,739		
End of year					\$	56,612		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Presley Settlement

REVENUES	Adopted Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVERGES								
Use of money and property	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	4,237	\$	2,737
Total Revenues		1,500		1,500		4,237		2,737
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures								
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,500		1,500		4,237		2,737
Change in fund balance	\$	1,500	\$	1,500		4,237	\$	2,737
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of year						107,916		
End of year					\$	112,153		

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Stormwater Assessment District

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Special parcel taxes and assessments Permits, licenses and fees Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$ 73,705 60,920 1,000 135,625	\$ 73,705 60,920 1,000 135,625	\$ 79,553 63,365 1,462 144,380	\$ 5,848 2,445 462 8,755	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Public works	147,670	147,670	119,304	28,366	
Total Expenditures	147,670	147,670	119,304	28,366	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,045)	(12,045)	25,076	37,121	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,080 (39,990) (38,910)	1,080 (39,990) (38,910)	1,090 (39,990) (38,900)	10 - 10	
Change in fund balance	\$ (50,955)	\$ (50,955)	(13,824)	\$ 37,131	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year			87,986		
End of year			\$ 74,162		

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for activities that provide goods or services to other City funds or department on a cost reimbursement basis. The following are the City's internal service funds:

Capital Equipment Replacement Fund (CERF) - This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, depreciation, and replacement of City vehicles and equipment.

Self-Insurance Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of the City's self-insurance program and payment of workers' compensation and liability claims.

Pension Rate Stabilization Fund - This fund stabilizes major fluctuations in annual employer pension costs driven by market factors and actuarial changes.

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Funds June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Capital Equipment Replacement		Pension Rate Stabilization		Self- surance	Total	
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	185,929	\$	285,332	\$ 33,407	\$	504,668
Noncurrent assets: Depreciable assets, net		493,547			 _		493,547
Total Asset		679,476		285,332	33,407		998,215
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total Liabilities					 		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		493,547 185,929		285,332	 33,407		493,547 504,668
Total Net Position	\$	679,476	\$	285,332	\$ 33,407	\$	998,215

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds - For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Eq	Capital Juipment placement	nsion Rate bilization	Self- surance	 Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for current services	\$	112,100	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 112,100
Total Operating Revenues		112,100			112,100
OPERATING EXPENSES					
General and administrative Depreciation and amortization		- 88,453	 - -	 3,311	 3,311 88,453
Total Operating Expenses		88,453	 	3,311	91,764
Operating Income (Loss)		23,647	-	(3,311)	20,336
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Investment income (loss)		5,760 6,764	10,781	1,288	5,760 18,833
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		12,524	10,781	 1,288	24,593
Net (loss) Before Contributions and Operating Transfers		36,171	10,781	(2,023)	44,929
Capital contributions Transfers in		- -	 - -	- -	- -
Change in Net Position		36,171	10,781	(2,023)	44,929
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of fiscal year		643,305	274,551	35,430	953,286
End of fiscal year	\$	679,476	\$ 285,332	\$ 33,407	\$ 998,215

City of Clayton

Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Eq	Capital uipment placement	nsion Rate bilization	Self- surance	Total
	_				
Receipts from customers Claims paid	\$	112,100 -	\$ -	\$ (3,311)	\$ 112,100 (3,311)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		112,100		(3,311)	108,789
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers in Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		(91,701) 5,760	-	-	(91,701) 5,760
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(85,941)	 	 	 (85,941)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest received on investments		6,764	10,781	 1,288	18,833
Net Cash provided (used) by investing activities		6,764	 10,781	 1,288	 18,833
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		32,923	10,781	(2,023)	41,681
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:					
Beginning of fiscal year		153,006	274,551	 35,430	462,987
End of fiscal year	\$	185,929	\$ 285,332	\$ 33,407	\$ 504,668
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	23,647	\$ -	\$ (3,311)	\$ 20,336
Depreciation and amortization Changes in current assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		88,453	-	-	88,453
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	112,100	\$ -	\$ (3,311)	\$ 108,789

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity or as an agent for individuals, government entities and other non-public organizations. The following are reported as agency funds:

Clayton Financing Authority - Accounts for projects related to the Financing Authority.

Clayton Financing Authority **2007** *Refunding Bonds* - Accounts for the refunding of the Authority's 1997 Special Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds payable from revenues received by the Authority as the result of payment of debt service on the local obligations of the Middle School CFD 1990-1 Bonds.

Deposits- Represents funds held for: performance deposits, Clayton Community Gym donation deposits, refundable rental security deposits, planning services deposits, engineering plan check deposits, and other various deposits.

Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District - Accounts for parcel owner approved real property assessments collected to maintain certain infrastructure components (including street lighting) for the Diablo Estates development.

High Street Bridge Benefit Assessment District - Accounts for real property assessments collected to maintain bridges.

Lydia Lane Sewer Benefit Assessment District - Accounts for real property assessments to be collected for construction of a sewer system.

Middle School Community Facilities District – Accounts for special parcel taxes restricted to repay indebtedness of the Middle School Community Facilities District No. 1990-1.

Oak Street Bridge Benefit Assessment District - Accounts for real property assessments collected to maintain bridges.

Oak Street Sewer Benefit Assessment District - Accounts for real property assessments to be collected for construction of a sewer system.

City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bonds									
Assets: Cash and investments \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - \$ 590,288 Liabilities: Other liabilities \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - \$ 590,288 Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bonds Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bonds Assets: Cash and investments \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash with fiscal agent 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Accounts receivable 36,760 - (8,300) 28,866 Prepaid expenses - 2,541 (8,300) 1,313,000 Total Assets \$ 2,219,048 \$ 1,335,752 \$ (1,548,663) \$ 1,806,132 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,396 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Cash and investments \$ 704,946				A	dditions	D	eductions		
Cash and investments \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - 6 \$ 590,288 Total Assets \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - 6 \$ 590,288 Liabilities \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - 6 \$ 590,288 Total Liabilities \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - 6 \$ 590,288 Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Butter Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Butter Total Liabilities \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash and investments \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash with fiscal agent 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Assets Cash with fiscal agent 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Accounts produce speases 3.67,600 - (8,300) 28,466 Prepaid expenses 5.219,048 \$ 1,135,752 \$ (1,586,63) \$ 1,806,137 Liabilities 5.219,048 40,753	Clayton Financing Authority								
Total Assets									
Other liabilities \$ 567,983 \$ 22,305 \$ - 8 \$ 590,288 Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bonds Assets: Cash and investments \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash and investments \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash with fiscal agent 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Accounts receivable 36,760 2,541 - 2,541 Investment in bonds 1,696,00 2,2541 - 2,541 Investment in bonds 1,696,00 363,000 1,313,000 Total Assets 5 2,219,048 \$ 1,313,752 \$ (1,548,663) 1,806,137 Liabilities: Accounts payable 5 - 9 \$ 367,433 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,2541 Other liabilities 669,048 \$ 407,533 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,2541 Other liabilities 5 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets 5 704,946 \$							<u>-</u>		590,288 590,288
Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bonds	Liabilities:								
Assets: Cash and investments \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash with fiscal agent 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Accounts receivable 36,760 - (8,300) 28,460 Prepaid expenses - 2,541 - 2,5461 Investment in bonds 1,696,000 - (383,000) 1,313,000 Total Assets \$ 2,219,048 \$ 1,135,752 \$ (1,548,663) \$ 1,806,137 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ 367,433 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,541 Other liabilities 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - 360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 2,219,048 \$ 808,186 \$ (1,221,097) \$ 1,806,137 Deposits Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash							<u>-</u> -		590,288 590,288
Cash and investments \$ 115,686 \$ 731,945 \$ (740,767) \$ 106,864 Cash with fiscal agent 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Accounts receivable 36,760 - (8,300) 28,460 Prepaid expenses - 2,541 - 2,541 Investment in bonds 1,696,000 - (383,000) 1,313,000 Total Assets \$ 2,219,048 \$ 1,135,752 \$ (1,548,663) \$ 1,806,137 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ 367,433 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,541 Other liabilities 669,048 \$ 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 </td <td>Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bor</td> <td><u>nds</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Clayton Financing Authority 2007 Refunding Bor	<u>nds</u>							
Cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable 370,602 401,266 (416,596) 355,272 Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses - 2,541 - 2,541 Investment in bonds Investment Inves									
Accounts receivable 36,760 - (8,300) 28,460 Prepaid expenses - 2,541 - 2,541 Investment in bonds 1,696,000 - (383,000) 1,313,000 Total Assets \$ 2,219,048 \$ 1,135,752 \$ (1,548,663) \$ 1,806,137 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ 367,433 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,541 Other liabilities 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 2,219,048 \$ 808,186 \$ (1,221,097) \$ 1,806,137 Preposits Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228		\$,	\$		\$, ,	\$,
Prepaid expenses Investment in bonds Incompany (383,000) 1,2541 (383,000) 1,313,000 Total Assets \$ 2,219,048 \$ 1,135,752 \$ (1,548,663) \$ 1,806,137 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ 367,433 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,541 Other liabilities 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 2,219,048 \$ 808,186 \$ (1,221,097) \$ 1,806,137 Deposits Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 To					401,200 -		` ,		
Total Assets			-		2,541		-		2,541
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$367,433 \$(364,892) \$ 2,541 Other liabilities 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 2,219,048 \$ 808,186 \$(1,221,097) \$ 1,806,137 Deposits Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 \$ (61,200) \$ 176,007									1,313,000
Accounts payable \$ - \$ 367,433 \$ (364,892) \$ 2,541 Other liabilities 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	Total Assets	\$	2,219,048	\$	1,135,752	\$	(1,548,663)	\$	1,806,137
Other liabilities 669,048 440,753 (496,205) 613,596 Due to bondholders 1,550,000 - (360,000) 1,190,000 Total Liabilities \$ 2,219,048 \$ 808,186 \$ (1,221,097) \$ 1,806,137 Deposits Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997)	Liabilities:								
Due to bondholders		\$	-	\$	367,433	\$	(364,892)	\$	2,541
Total Liabilities					440,753		` ,		613,596
Deposits Sasets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities \$ 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007 Total Assets \$ 151,228 92,043 92,043 92,043 92,044 92,044 92,044 92,04		<u></u>		- c	909 196	ф		<u></u>	
Assets: Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities \$ 144,651 \$ 92,556 \$ (61,200) \$ 176,007	1 Otal Liabilities	\$	2,219,048	<u> </u>	808,186		(1,221,097)	D	1,806,137
Cash and investments \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	<u>Deposits</u>								
Total Assets \$ 704,946 \$ 370,828 \$ (290,489) \$ 785,285 Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007									
Liabilities: Deposits payable \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Total Liabilities Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets Liabilities: \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007									
Deposits payable	1 Otal Assets	\$	704,946	>	370,828	*	(290,489)	\$	/85,285
Total Liabilities \$ 704,946 \$ 603,703 \$ (523,364) \$ 785,285 Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	Liabilities:								
Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007								\$	785,285
Assets: Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable Other liabilities \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	Total Liabilities	\$	704,946	\$	603,703	\$	(523,364)	\$	785,285
Cash and investments \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: S Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	<u>Diablo Estates Benefit Assessment District</u>								
Total Assets \$ 151,228 \$ 92,043 \$ (61,032) \$ 182,239 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	Assets:								
Liabilities: \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007									182,239
Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities \$ 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	Total Assets	\$	151,228	\$	92,043	\$	(61,032)	\$	182,239
Accounts payable \$ 6,577 \$ 58,652 \$ (58,997) \$ 6,232 Other liabilities \$ 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007	Liabilities:								
Other liabilities 144,651 92,556 (61,200) 176,007		\$	6,577	\$	58,652	\$	(58,997)	\$	6,232
Total Liabilities \$ 151,228 \$ 151,208 \$ (120,197) \$ 182,239	Other liabilities								176,007
	Total Liabilities	\$	151,228	\$	151,208	\$	(120,197)	\$	182,239

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City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Balance ıly 1, 2019	A	dditions	_ <u>D</u>	eductions	Balance ne 30, 2020
High Street Bridge Benefit Assessment District						
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 6,461	\$	2,862	\$	(2,269)	\$ 7,054
Assessments receivable Total Assets	\$ 10,656 17,117	\$	2,862	\$	(814)	\$ 9,842 16,896
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 6,461	\$	2,862	\$	(2,269)	\$ 7,054
Notes payable	 10,656		<u>-</u>		(814)	 9,842
Total Liabilities	\$ 17,117	\$	2,862	\$	(3,083)	\$ 16,896
Lydia Lane Sewer Benefit Assessment District						
Assets: Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent Assessments receivable	\$ 67,269 13,125 153,325	\$	19,425 4,537	\$	(17,684) (4,770) (5,000)	\$ 69,010 12,892 148,325
Total Assets	\$ 233,719	\$	23,962	\$	(27,454)	\$ 230,227
Liabilities: Other liabilities	\$ 80,394	\$	31,750	\$	(30,242)	\$ 81,902
Due to bondholders Total Liabilities	\$ 153,325 233,719	-\$	31,750	-\$	(5,000) (35,242)	\$ 148,325 230,227
Middle School Community Facilities District						
Assets: Cash and investments Assessments receivable	\$ 290,248 1,696,000	\$	819,684	\$	(839,464) (383,000)	\$ 270,468 1,313,000
Total Assets	\$ 1,986,248	\$	819,684	\$	(1,222,464)	\$ 1,583,468
Liabilities: Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$ - 290,248	\$	54,498 436,684	\$	(54,430) (456,532)	\$ 68 270,400
Due to bondholders Total Liabilities	\$ 1,696,000 1,986,248	\$	491,182	\$	(383,000) (893,962)	\$ 1,313,000 1,583,468
Oak Street Bridge Benefit Assessment District						
Assets: Cash and investments Assessments receivable	\$ 13,977	\$	6,869	\$	(257)	\$ 20,589
Total Assets	\$ 13,977	\$	6,869	\$	(257)	\$ 20,589
Liabilities:						
Other liabilities Notes payable	\$ 13,977 -	\$	6,869 -	\$	(257)	\$ 20,589
Total Liabilities	\$ 13,977	\$	6,869	\$	(257)	\$ 20,589
	121					

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City of Clayton Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Oak Street Sewer Benefit Assessment District Assets: \$ 2,282 \$ 19,859 \$ Cash and investments \$ 69,091 - Assessments receivable \$ 71,373 \$ 19,859 \$ Total Assets \$ 71,373 \$ 19,859 \$	(19,935) (8,182) (28,117) (19,935) (8,182)	\$ 2,206 60,909 63,115
Cash and investments \$ 2,282 \$ 19,859 \$ Assessments receivable 69,091 -	(8,182) (28,117) (19,935)	60,909
Assessments receivable 69,091 -	(8,182) (28,117) (19,935)	60,909
	(8,182) (28,117) (19,935)	
Total Assets \$ 71,373 \$ 19,859 \$	(19,935)	\$ 63,115
	, ,	
Liabilities:	, ,	
Other liabilities 2,282 \$ 19,859 \$, ,	2,206
Notes payable 69,091 -	15 15/1	60,909
Total Liabilities \$ 71,373 \$ 19,859 \$	(28,117)	\$ 63,115
Total - All Agency Funds		
Assets:		
Cash and investments \$ 1,920,080 \$ 2,085,820 \$	(1,971,897)	\$ 2,034,003
Cash with fiscal agent 383,727 405,803	(421,366)	368,164
Assessments receivable 1,929,072 -	(396,996)	1,532,076
Accounts receivable 36,760 -	(8,300)	28,460
Prepaid expenses - 2,541	-	2,541
Investments in bonds 1,696,000 -	(383,000)	1,313,000
Total Assets \$ 5,965,639 \$ 2,494,164 \$	(3,181,559)	\$ 5,278,244
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable \$ 13,038 \$ 483,445 \$	(480,588)	\$ 15,895
	(1,064,371)	1,754,988
Deposits payable 704,946 603,703	(523,364)	785,285
Notes payable 79,747 -	(8,996)	70,751
Due to bondholders 3,399,325 -	(748,000)	2,651,325
Total Liabilities \$ 5,965,639 \$ 2,137,924 \$	(2,825,319)	\$ 5,278,244

STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City.

	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	126-133
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	134-141
Debt Capacity	142-146
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	147
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	148-154
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

City of Clayton Statistical Section Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fisca	al Yea	ır Ending June	30	
	 2011		2012		2013
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 20,953,220	\$	28,330,852	\$	29,988,389
Restricted	6,240,370		6,775,688		5,071,942
Unrestricted	14,935,201		5,034,855		4,829,960
Total governmental activities net position	 42,128,791		40,141,395		39,890,291
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	1,394,950		1,358,883		1,322,815
Restricted	-		-		-
Unrestricted	(111,680)		(121,193)		(130,382)
Total business-type activities net position	1,283,270		1,237,690		1,192,433
Primary government:					
Net investment in capital assets	22,348,170		29,689,735		31,311,204
Restricted	6,240,370		6,775,688		5,071,942
Unrestricted	14,823,521		4,913,662		4,699,578
Total primary government net position	\$ 43,412,061	\$	41,379,085	\$	41,082,724

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department.

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year Er	nding	June 30			
_	2014	 2015	 2016		2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
\$	29,344,437	\$ 28,653,515	\$ 28,929,140	\$	29,349,667	\$ 28,976,510	\$ 29,790,706	\$ 29,780,115
	3,470,831	2,024,193	7,783,815		7,731,727	12,059,042	11,915,594	12,046,964
	6,306,416	4,781,508	7,028,670		7,835,030	3,836,715	3,009,835	3,433,238
	39,121,684	35,459,216	 43,741,625		44,916,424	44,872,267	44,716,135	45,260,317
	1,286,748	1,250,681	1,221,999		1,184,742	1,147,485	1,110,485	1,073,743
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	(49,038)	(44,572)	(56,305)		(64,190)	(75,944)	(72,753)	(74,819)
_	1,237,710	1,206,109	 1,165,694		1,120,552	 1,071,541	 1,037,732	 998,924
	30,631,185	29,904,196	30,151,139		30,534,409	30,123,995	30,901,191	30,853,858
	3,470,831	2,024,193	7,783,815		7,731,727	12,059,042	11,915,594	12,046,964
	6,257,378	 4,736,936	 6,972,365		7,770,840	 3,760,771	2,937,082	 3,358,419
\$	40,359,394	\$ 36,665,325	\$ 44,907,319	\$	46,036,976	\$ 45,943,808	\$ 45,753,867	\$ 46,259,241

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			F	iscal Year		
		2011		2012		2013
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	1,583,367	\$	1,201,323	\$	1,186,567
Public works		2,834,516		1,104,503		1,346,320
Parks and recreation services		884,095		1,066,617		1,100,584
Community and economic development		2,476,713		530,687		446,259
Public safety		1,841,028		1,972,460		1,925,266
Interest and fiscal charges		414,113		129,047		
Total governmental activities expenses		10,033,832		6,004,637		6,004,996
Business-type activities:		02.200		10		
Community gym		93,398		18 61,497		- 60 117
Endeavor Hall Total business-type activities expenses		66,110 159,508		61,497		60,117
Total primary government expenses	-\$	10,193,340	\$	6,066,152	\$	6,065,113
	Ψ	10,175,540	Ψ	0,000,132	Ψ	0,000,113
Program revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services: General government	\$	233,675	\$	421,866	\$	352,124
Public works	φ	141,665	φ	148,828	φ	315,230
Parks and recreation services		141,891		183,031		515,250
Community and economic development		299,103		319,268		137,795
Public safety		24,064		64,364		36,899
Operating grants and contributions		494,148		884,026		587,384
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-
Total governmental activities program revenues		1,334,546		2,021,383		1,429,432
Business-type activities:		2,000 2,000				-,,
Charges for services:						
Community gym		2,511		-		-
Endeavor hall		23,691		16,294		14,860
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-
Total business-type program revenues		26,202		16,294		14,860
Net revenues (expenses)				_		
Governmental activities	\$	(8,699,286)	\$	(3,983,254)	\$	(4,575,564)
Business-type activities		(133,306)		(45,221)		(45,257)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(8,832,592)	\$	(4,028,475)	\$	(4,620,821)
General revenues and other changes in net position						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	6,698,149	\$	4,488,417	\$	1,691,803
Special parcel taxes		1,045,977		1,071,632		1,093,213
Sales and use taxes		303,880		307,887		353,525
Business license taxes		-		-		-
Other taxes		803,498		792,726		802,651
Franchise fees		-		-		-
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		-
Investment income		335,205		242,539		80,622
Miscellaneous		477,402		1,249,897		139,161
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets		6,700		(116,339)		(7,817)
Transfers		0.670.011		250,000		250,456
Total governmental activities		9,670,811		8,286,759		4,403,614
Business type activities: Investment income/(loss)		276		(250)		
Miscellaneous		60		(359)		-
Transfers		-				_
Total business-type activities		336		(359)		<u>-</u> _
Extraordinary and Special Items				(00)		
Governmental activities:						
Extraordinary gain/(loss)		_		(6,100,352)		_
Business-type activities:				(0,100,002)		
Special item gain/(loss)		_		_		_
Total primary government changes in net position						
Governmental activities		971,525		(1,796,847)		(171,950)
Business-type activities		(132,970)		(45,580)		(45,257)
Total primary government		838,555	\$	(1,842,427)	\$	(217,207)
r		,	_	(,- =,-=-)	_	(- /==-)

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisca	ıl Yeaı	r						
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
	4 840 880		4405/5		4.054.444		4.54.000		4 005 5/0		4.455.007		2 704 722
\$	1,249,238	\$	1,119,567	\$	1,051,461	\$	1,174,069	\$	1,305,562	\$	1,457,326 2,825,969	\$	2,781,523
	2,118,015		2,139,918		1,975,653		2,221,835		2,509,147				1,988,766
	352,498 410,413		339,894 405,941		583,120 362,248		676,790 287,775		667,687 329,418		718,267 367,682		452,535 296,372
	2,016,145		2,006,052		2,060,621		2,075,082		2,538,912		2,536,880		2,521,690
			-,,						-		-		-,,
	6,146,309		6,011,372		6,033,103		6,435,551		7,350,726		7,906,124		8,040,886
	65,351		66,606		67,668		67,393		- 76,901		- 58,455		63,631
	65,351	_	66,606		67,668		67,393		76,901	_	58,455		63,631
\$	6,211,660	\$	6,077,978	\$	6,100,771	\$	6,502,944	\$	7,427,627	\$	7,964,579	\$	8,104,517
	0,211,000		0,011,510		0,100,771		0,002,511		7,12,702		175017015		0,101,01,
\$	567,663	\$	643,070	\$	355,391	\$	349,220	\$	397,668	\$	397,436	\$	438,906
	296,974		418,498		321,544		324,308		355,625		356,347		338,877
	608		14,337		73,501		70,394		66,868		71,681		43,635
	54,013		25,990		100,612		113,336		127,487		96,596		113,600
	14,631		13,862		49,326		52,497		44,545		41,195		65,674
	683,492		157,397		836,833		813,168		900,239		825,018		1,024,732
	-		-		22,200		885,398		526,452		570,049		559,220
	1,617,381		1,273,154		1,759,407		2,608,321		2,418,884		2,358,322		2,584,644
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	19,545		25,818		27,253		22,251		27,890		24,642		24,702
	19,545		25,818		27,253		22,251	-	27,890		24,642		24,702
	19,343	_	23,010		27,233		22,231	_	27,090	_	24,042		24,702
\$	(4,528,928)	\$	(4,738,218)	\$	(4,273,696)	\$	(3,827,230)	\$	(4,931,842)	\$	(5,547,802)	\$	(5,456,242)
	(45,806)		(40,788)		(40,415)		(45,142)		(49,011)		(33,813)		(38,929)
\$	(4,574,734)	\$	(4,779,006)	\$	(4,314,111)	\$	(3,872,372)	\$	(4,980,853)	\$	(5,581,615)	\$	(5,495,171)
	4.049.504		2 202 250		2 25 / 500				2245045			•	0.505.040
\$	1,862,734	\$	2,302,278	\$	2,256,780	\$	2,339,221	\$	2,345,067	\$	2,463,898	\$	2,587,812
	1,122,349		1,155,141		1,185,651		1,220,427		1,254,911		1,256,011		1,295,034
	370,330		397,544		372,705		455,387		436,560		483,741		512,868
	-		1,339,537		133,943		135,866		154,397		175,153		140,620
	865,752		1,339,337		- F17 (07		- E41 120		-		- F22 120		- F/F 902
	-		-		516,607		541,138		547,765 161,108		523,129 164,331		565,893 167,677
	64,319		82,909		154,852 295,904		157,949 119,201		287,595		255,272		684,244
	175,082		91,230		58,694		31,216		23,118		39,211		40,516
	173,062		624		792		1,624		(893)		30,924		5,760
	(688,709)		88,793		792		1,024		(893)		30,924		3,700
	3,771,857		5,458,056		4,975,928		5,002,029		5,209,628		5,391,670		6,000,424
	393		175								4		121
	-		4,316		-		-		-		4		-
	-				-		-		-		-		-
	393		(88,793) (84,302)								4		121
_			(52,552)	_				_				_	121
	_		(200,000)		(230,786)		_		_		-		-
			,		(//)								
	-		93,489		-		-		-		-		-
	(757,071)		519,838		471,446		1,174,799		277,786		(156,132)		544,182
	(45,413)		(31,601)		(40,415)		(45,142)		(49,011)		(33,809)		(38,808)
\$	(802,484)	\$	488,237	\$	431,031	\$	1,129,657	\$	228,775	\$	(189,941)	\$	505,374

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fisca	1 Yea	r Ending June	30	
	2011*		2012**		2013
General fund:					
Reserved	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved	-		-		-
Nonspendable	-		-		-
Restricted	-		-		-
Committed	-		442,546		-
Assigned	46,704		-		182,671
Unassigned	5,229,784		4,913,879		5,199,914
Total general fund	 5,276,488		5,356,425		5,382,585
All other governmental funds:					
Reserved	-		-		-
Unreserved	-		-		-
Nonspendable	-		-		-
Restricted	-		-		-
Committed	-		6,333,142		5,071,942
Assigned	12,489,782		-		-
Unassigned	 				(425,380)
Total other governmental funds	12,489,782		6,333,142		4,646,562
Total governmental funds	\$ 17,766,270	\$	11,689,567	\$	10,029,147

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department.

^{*} The City implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

^{**} The City of Clayton Redevelopment Agency was dissolved in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 in accordance with California state law (ABx1 26).

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year E	ndin	g June 30			
2014	2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- 1,242,346	- 1,029,377	- 308,064		- 72,518	- 81,790	- 320,232	100,163
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
34,542	-	278,853		415,239	281,930	102,228	409,482
3,871,849	4,509,255	5,031,142		5,429,524	5,302,751	5,337,685	5,654,925
5,148,737	5,538,632	5,618,059		5,917,281	5,666,471	5,760,145	6,164,570
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	3,633,951		3,696,238	-	-	-
1,399,064	1,303,081	2,150,476		2,122,471	6,293,306	6,403,413	6,452,671
829,421	721,112	667,134		494,241	571,915	647,611	669,841
2,354,314	3,309,135	2,684,533		3,026,942	3,542,680	2,744,642	3,167,804
(2,550)	(2,550)	(2,550)		(2,550)	(2,550)	(223,171)	(23,566)
4,580,249	5,330,778	9,133,544		9,337,342	10,405,351	9,572,495	10,266,750
\$ 9,728,986	\$ 10,869,410	\$ 14,751,603	\$	15,254,623	\$ 16,071,822	\$ 15,332,640	\$ 16,431,320

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		F	iscal Year	
	2011		2012	2013
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 6,737,779	\$	4,488,417	\$ 1,691,803
Program income	237,572		72,870	10,546
Special parcel taxes and assessments	1,186,092		1,220,460	1,232,280
Sales and use taxes	252,404		307,887	353,525
Business license taxes and fees	-		-	-
Permits, licenses and fees	279,404		534,446	402,661
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	55,919		114,313	93,328
Intergovernmental	1,143,631		1,986,471	836,041
Motor vehicle in-lieu fees	50,312		11,074	-
Other in-lieu fees	140,255		143,060	145,921
Franchise fees	403,815		454,871	479,765
Service charges	71,878		131,053	125,387
Use of money and property	346,346		241,199	80,579
Other revenue	111,093		27,954	138,528
Total revenues	11,016,500		9,734,075	5,590,364
The state of the s				
Expenditures				
Current	1 055 500		4 000 540	055 (00
General government	1,075,709		1,028,719	957,680
Public works	1,352,445		1,251,908	1,502,599
Parks and recreation services	228,124		345,345	356,445
Community and economic development	2,653,759		530,687	446,259
Public safety	1,774,365		1,916,002	1,867,432
Capital outlay	1,802,315		1,531,977	2,370,825
Debt service				
Principal	2,195,000		610,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	435,005		323,451	
Total expenditures	11,516,722		7,538,089	 7,501,240
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (500,222)		2,195,986	 (1,910,876)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Unrealized gains (losses)	(259,502)		-	-
Transfers in	3,742,690		2,038,931	2,221,820
Transfers out	(3,742,690)		(1,788,931)	(1,971,364)
			<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (259,502)		250,000	 250,456
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	(759,724)		2,445,986	(1,660,420)
	 (,)		, -,	 (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Special and extraordinary items				
Special item gain (loss)	_		53,930	_
Extraordinary gain (loss)	_		(8,299,982)	_
Total special and extraordinary items	 		(8,246,052)	
Total special and extraordinary nems	 		(0,240,002)	
Change in fund balances	\$ (759,724)	\$	(5,800,066)	\$ (1,660,420)
Ratio of Total Debt Service Expenditures to				
Noncapital Expenditures	0.37		0.18	0.00
r r				

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department

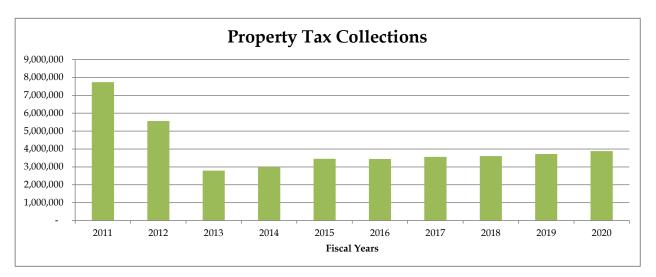
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal	Year				
 2014		2015	 2016		2017	2018	 2019	 2020
\$ 1,862,734	\$	2,302,278	\$ 2,256,780	\$	2,339,221	\$ 2,345,067	\$ 2,463,898	\$ 2,587,812
10,668		10,063	81,400		86,400	91,400	146,400	101,400
1,260,823		1,287,748	1,437,156		1,465,905	1,522,187	1,546,399	1,582,233
370,330		397,544	372,705		455,387	436,560	483,741	512,868
-		-	133,943		135,866	154,397	175,153	140,620
290,598		306,545	194,261		209,026	356,052	212,242	218,119
78,173		72,635	84,270		92,662	110,787	82,375	93,556
967,729		1,066,757	964,539		1,706,688	1,178,659	1,312,528	1,563,712
4,703		4,590	4,554		-	-	-	-
148,839		151,816	154,852		157,949	161,108	164,331	167,677
504,867		501,597	516,607		541,138	547,765	523,129	565,893
338,626		366,080	342,308		311,796	329,164	325,078	324,893
62,642		81,408	290,966		118,210	274,244	385,696	453,793
175,538		91,131	48,517		40,186	23,168	35,723	33,294
6,076,270		6,640,192	6,882,858		7,660,434	7,530,558	7,856,693	8,345,870
1,118,026		1,018,852	1,068,970		1,194,606	1,183,609	1,317,973	1,317,420
1,293,402		1,342,373	1,237,683		1,519,992	1,592,903	1,621,629	1,853,605
352,498		349,862	375,554		458,294	433,764	477,266	452,535
410,413		410,972	379,162		309,048	317,284	352,163	296,255
1,950,034		2,005,607	2,281,621		2,265,845	2,363,298	2,365,339	2,463,330
393,505		260,895	1,275,563		1,409,599	654,531	2,146,778	1,075,806
-		-	-		-	-	-	-
 						 		-
5,517,878		5,388,561	 6,618,553		7,157,384	 6,545,389	 8,281,148	 7,458,951
558,392	-	1,251,631	 264,305	-	503,050	985,169	 (424,455)	 886,919
-		-	-		-	-	(214,727)	211,761
524,187		600,458	1,026,538		497,960	481,974	1,261,171	157,814
(603,341)		(511,665)	 (1,177,781)		(497,960)	(649,974)	(1,361,171)	 (157,814)
(79,154)		88,793	(151,243)		-	 (168,000)	(314,727)	211,761
 479,238		1,340,424	 113,062		503,050	817,169	 (739,182)	 1,098,680
(90,690)			-		_	_	-	_
-		(200,000)	(230,786)		-	-	-	-
(90,690)		(200,000)	(230,786)		-	-	-	-
\$ 388,548	\$	1,140,424	\$ (117,724)	\$	503,050	\$ 817,169	\$ (739,182)	\$ 1,098,680
0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

100%

3,882,846

City of Clayton Statistical Section Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years



Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Total Collections to Date Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year Percentage of Percentage of **Ended June 30** Fiscal Year¹ Amount Levy Amount Levy 7,744,126 7,744,126 2011 7,744,126 100% 100% 2012 5,560,049 5,560,049 100% 5,560,049 100% 2013 2,785,016 2,785,016 100% 2,785,016 100% 2014 2,985,083 2,985,083 100% 2,985,083 100% 3,457,419 3,457,419 2015 100% 3,457,419 100% 2016 3,442,431 3,442,431 100% 3,442,431 100% 2017 3,559,648 3,559,648 100% 3,559,648 100% 2018 3,599,978 3,599,978 100% 3,599,978 100% 2019 3,719,909 3,719,909 100% 3,719,909 100%

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department

3,882,846

2020

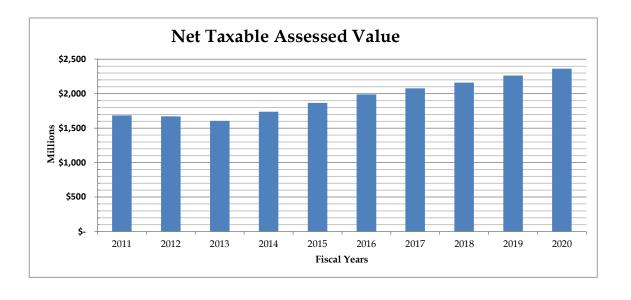
3,882,846

100%

¹ Property tax levies above include secured and unsecured general ad valorem property taxes, restricted local special parcel taxes, and property taxes pertaining to the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund.

² The City is enrolled in the "Teeter" Plan, where the County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining the interest and penalties.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	Unsecured	SBE Nonunitary	Net Total Assessed Valuation	Total Direct Tax Rate ²
		_			
2011	1,669,680,614	14,364,972	-	1,684,045,586	6.63%
2012	1,659,424,975	13,098,203	-	1,672,523,178	6.63%
2013	1,592,441,490	12,107,626	-	1,604,549,116	6.63%
2014	1,724,741,279	12,046,811	-	1,736,788,090	6.63%
2015	1,855,952,809	10,423,772	-	1,866,376,581	6.63%
2016	1,966,021,862	24,268,730	-	1,990,290,592	6.63%
2017	2,052,672,378	24,551,781	-	2,077,224,159	6.63%
2018	2,138,664,468	22,857,474	-	2,161,521,942	6.63%
2019	2,238,046,407	24,573,625	-	2,262,620,032	6.63%
2020	2,335,781,999	28,167,199	-	2,363,949,198	6.63%

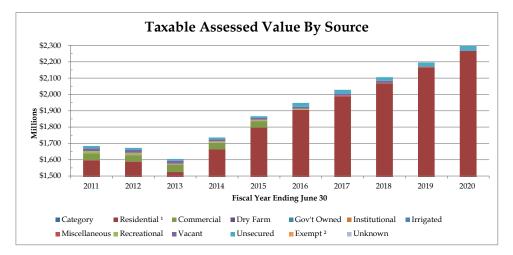
Source: HdL, Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor Tax Rolls

¹ In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a maximum rate of 1.0% based up on the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to the maximum increase of 2.0%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

² City's share of 1.0% basic levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. Tax Rate Area 13-015 is represented here for this report.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Taxable Assessed Value By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fi	scal Y	ear Ending June	30			
Category		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Residential 1		\$	1,597,474,855	\$	1,587,781,869	\$	1,525,145,282	\$	1,664,638,727
Commercial			40,404,166		39,281,102		42,498,296		39,271,189
Dry Farm									
Gov't Owned									
Institutional			2,379,553		2,412,183		2,460,428		2,509,634
Irrigated					124,224		126,707		129,240
Miscellaneous			188,471		477,430		764,183		197,555
Recreational			12,208,926		12,300,848		5,364,139		5,364,585
Vacant			17,024,643		17,047,319		16,082,455		12,630,349
Unsecured			14,364,972		13,098,203		12,107,626		12,046,811
Exempt ²			(24,311,500)		(24,066,321)		(24,547,599)		(25,038,500)
Unknown			-		-		- 1		-
	Totals	\$	1,684,045,586	\$	1,672,523,178	\$	1,604,549,116	\$	1,736,788,090
Total Direct Rate		0.35104		0.34460		0.34145			0.06992



Source: HdL, Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor Tax Rolls

¹ In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a maximum rate of 1.0% based up on the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to the maximum increase of 2.0%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

² Exempt values are not included in total.

Taxable Assessed Value By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

204 =	Fiscal Year Er	iumg	*	2040	2010	
2015	 2016		2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
\$ 1,797,596,765	\$ 1,904,368,929	\$	1,988,952,192	\$ 2,067,562,369	\$ 2,165,479,800	\$ 2,266,477,116
38,942,508	41,544,210		41,858,935	47,590,673	47,779,713	48,208,120
					11,134,894	11,399,590
2,521,025	2,571,392		2,610,603	2,662,812	3,253,330	2,729,354
198,449	202,412		205,496	209,603	129,549	140,719
5,364,688	5,365,145		6,302,648	7,403,121	7,402,753	4,957,742
11,329,374	11,969,774		12,742,504	13,235,890	2,866,368	1,869,358
10,423,772	24,268,730		24,551,781	22,857,474	24,573,625	28,167,199
(26,156,667)	(26,679,230)		(27,086,036)	(27,627,706)	(28,243,119)	(28,807,933)
-	 			<u> </u>		-
\$ 1,866,376,581	\$ 1,990,290,592	\$	2,077,224,159	\$ 2,161,521,942	\$ 2,262,620,032	\$ 2,363,949,198
0.06587	0.06627		0.06642	0.06650	0.06667	0.06684

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value)

	Fiscal Y	ear Ending June	e 30
	2011	2012	2013
City Direct Rates:			
City of Clayton General Fund ¹	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628
Clayton Light Maintenance District No. 1^2	0.01039	0.01039	0.01039
Direct and Overlapping Rates:			
Basic Levy ³	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) Bond	0.00310	0.00410	0.00430
Contra Costa Community College Bond	0.01330	0.01440	0.00870
Contra Costa Water Land Levy	0.00490	0.00510	0.00450
East Bay Regional Park Bond	0.00840	0.00710	0.00510
Mt. Diablo School Bond	0.06000	0.06120	0.08710
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	1.08970	1.09190	1.10970
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 ³	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628
Redevelopment Rate ⁴	1.01330	1.01220	-
Total Direct Rate ⁵	0.35104	0.34460	0.34145

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor 2010-11 to 2019-20 tax rate table.

 $^{^{1}}$ City's share of 1.0% basic levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. Tax Rate Area 13-015 is represented here for this report.

² City's share of 1.0% basic levy is based on the City's share of the Light Maintenance District No. 1 tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. Tax Rate Area 13-002 is represented here for this report.

 $^{^3}$ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which caps the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of voter approved bonds from various agencies.

⁴ Redevelopment rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012-13 and years thereafter.

⁵ Total direct rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied to by the government preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013-14 the total direct rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012-13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30										
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628				
0.01039	0.01039	0.01039	0.01039	0.01039	0.01039	0.01039				
1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000				
0.00750	0.00450	0.00260	0.00800	0.00840	0.00700	0.01200				
0.01330	0.02520	0.02200	0.01200	0.01140	0.01100	0.01880				
0.00420	0.00370	0.00350	0.00320	0.00300	0.00280	0.00260				
0.00780	0.00850	0.00670	0.00320	0.00210	0.00210	0.00940				
0.07400	0.08530	0.08120	0.07640	0.07900	0.09250	0.09080				
1.10680	1.12720	1.11600	1.10280	1.10390	1.11540	1.13360				
0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628	0.06628				
0.06992	0.06587	0.06627	0.06642	0.06650	0.06667	0.06684				

City of Clayton Statistical Section Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2011					
			Secured				
Property Owner	Primary Use, Primary Agency	Parcels		Value	% of Net AV		
1) NGP Realty Sub	Commercial, Successor Agency	17	\$	12,207,781	0.73%		
2) Safeway Stores, Inc ¹	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		10,842,282	0.65%		
3) Clayton Station Shopping Center ¹	Commercial, Successor Agency	4		9,162,796	0.55%		
4) Albert D. Jr. & Sandra Seeno Trust	Dry Farm, Clayton General Fund	1		7,765,324	0.47%		
5) Comcast	Unsecured, Successor Agency	-		-	-		
6) Toll California XIX LP	Vacant, Successor Agency	26		4,499,497	0.27%		
7) Endashiian LLC	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		4,418,694	0.26%		
8) Village Oaks LLC	Commercial, Successor Agency	2		2,674,731	0.16%		
9) Ocean West Nevada Corporation	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		2,273,727	0.14%		
10) Diamond Terrace Investors	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		2,240,513	0.13%		
Top Ten Total		54	\$	56,085,345	3.36%		
City Total			\$	1,669,680,614			

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020			0, 2020
				Secured	
Property Owner	Primary Use, Primary Agency	Parcels		Value	% of Net AV
1) Comcast	Unsecured, Clayton General Fund		\$	-	_
2) Safeway Stores, Inc	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		11,180,964	0.48%
3) Clayton Station Shopping Center	Commercial, Successor Agency	4		10,602,720	0.45%
4) Albert D. Jr. & Sandra Seeno Trust	Dry Farm, Clayton General Fund	1		8,100,000	0.35%
5) Empire Acres LLC	Recreational, Successor Agency	19		4,965,000	0.21%
6) Elaine HOM	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		4,536,144	0.19%
7) Oak LLC	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		4,151,000	0.18%
8) Endashiian LLC	Commercial, Successor Agency	1		3,751,825	0.16%
9) William Patrick Jordan Trust	Residential, Successor Agency	4		3,114,221	0.13%
10) Village Oaks LLC	Commercial, Successor Agency	2		3,095,059	0.13%
Top Ten Total		34	\$	53,496,933	2.28%
City Total			\$	2,335,781,999	

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor 2010-11 & 2019-20 Combined Tax Rolls & the SBE Non-Unitary Tax Roll

City of Clayton Statistical Section Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

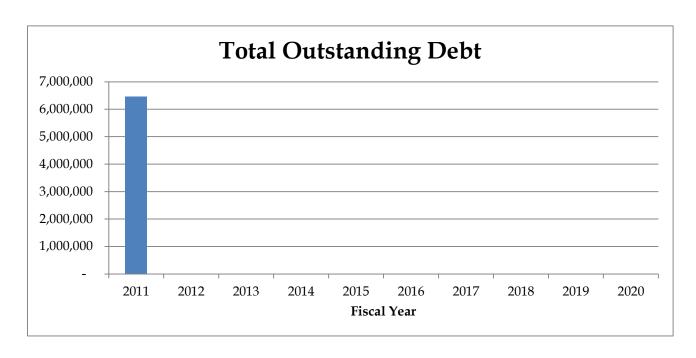
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2011

	 Unsecured		Combined				
Parcels	Value	% of Net AV		Value	% of Net AV		
-	\$ -	-	\$	12,207,781	0.72%		
-	-	-		10,842,282	0.64%		
-	-	-		9,162,796	0.54%		
-	-	-		7,765,324	0.46%		
4	6,044,210	42.08%		6,044,210	0.36%		
-	-	-		4,499,497	0.27%		
-	-	-		4,418,694	0.26%		
-	-	-		2,674,731	0.16%		
-	-	-		2,273,727	0.14%		
-	-	-		2,240,513	0.12%		
4	\$ 6,044,210	33.77%	\$	62,129,555	3.67%		
	\$ 14,364,972		\$	1,684,045,586			

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

	Unsecured		Combined					
Parcels	Value	% of Net AV		Value	% of Net AV			
6	\$ 20,125,623	71.45%	\$	20,125,623	0.85%			
-	-	-		11,180,964	0.47%			
-	-	-		10,602,720	0.45%			
-	-	-		8,100,000	0.34%			
-	-	-		4,965,000	0.21%			
-	-	-		4,536,144	0.19%			
-	-	-		4,151,000	0.18%			
-	-	-		3,751,825	0.16%			
-	-	-		3,114,221	0.13%			
-	-	-		3,095,059	0.13%			
6	\$ 20,125,623	71.45%	\$	73,622,556	3.11%			
	\$ 28,167,199		\$	2,363,949,198				

City of Clayton Statistical Section Ratios of Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Tax Allocation Bonds ¹	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Percent of Personal Income	Per Capita
2010	8,640,000	0.508%	1.503%	795
2011	6,445,000	0.383%	1.113%	588
2012	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2013	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2014	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2015	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2016	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2017	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2018	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2019	-	0.000%	0.000%	-
2020	-	0.000%	0.000%	-

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department.

¹ The balance of Tax Allocation Bonds was transferred to the Redevelopment Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2020

				Percent		
Overlapping	Overlapping Debt		Gross Bonded Debt Balance		Net Bonded Debt	
100300	County General	\$	427,843,035	1.095	\$	4,683,314
202000	Contra Costa Fire		40,915,000	2.379		973,282
400800	San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District		342,719,362	1.095		3,751,521
402700	East Bay Regional Park District		66,651,714	1.095		729,592
759500	Mt. Diablo 2002 Bond		260,615,000	5.338		13,911,155
759600	Mt. Diablo 2010 Bond		282,935,218	5.338		15,102,568
759708	Mt. Diablo 2018 Bond		20,000,000	5.338		1,067,564
792100	Contra Costa Community College 2002 Bond		315,283,400	1.098		3,462,983
792200	Contra Costa Community College 2006 Bond		333,576,600	1.098		3,663,911
792300	Contra Costa Community College 2014 Bond		183,790,000	1.098		2,018,697
Total Ove	rlapping Debt				\$	49,364,587
2019-2	0 Assessed Valuation: \$1,586,405,517 after deducting \$7	77,543,681 ir	ncremental value.			

Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios:
Direct Debt
Overlapping Debt
3.11%
Total Debt
3.11%

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor & Auditor combined 2019-20 lien date tax rolls.

This report reflects debt which is being repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness. It excludes mortgage revenue, tax

allocation bonds, interim financing obligations, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and certificates of participation.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30						
		2011		2012		2013		2014
Assessed valuation	\$	1,659,734,086	\$	1,648,456,857	\$	1,580,001,517	\$	1,711,749,590
Add back exempted real property		24,311,500		24,066,321		24,547,599		25,038,500
Total assessed valuation	\$	1,684,045,586	\$	1,672,523,178	\$	1,604,549,116	\$	1,736,788,090
Debt limit percentage ¹		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%
Debt limit	\$	63,151,709	\$	62,719,619	\$	60,170,592	\$	65,129,553
Total net debt applicable to limit	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	<u>-</u> _
Legal Debt margin	\$	63,151,709	\$	62,719,619	\$	60,170,592	\$	65,129,553
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department.

¹ The government code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). Although the statutory debt limit has not been amended by the State since this change, the percentages presented in the above computations have been proportionately modified to 3.75% (25% of 15%) for the purpose of this calculation in order to be consistent with the computational effect of the debt limit at the time of the state's establishment of the

City of Clayton Statistical Section Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year E	nding	g June 30				
 2015	 2016		2017	2018	 2019	2020	
\$ 1,840,219,914	\$ 1,963,611,362	\$	2,050,138,123	\$ 2,133,894,236	\$ 2,234,376,913	\$ 2,335,141,265	
 26,156,667	 26,679,230		27,086,036	 27,627,706	 28,243,119	 28,807,933	
\$ 1,866,376,581	\$ 1,990,290,592	\$	2,077,224,159	\$ 2,161,521,942	\$ 2,262,620,032	\$ 2,363,949,198	
3.75%	3.75%		3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	
\$ 69,989,122	\$ 74,635,897	\$	77,895,906	\$ 81,057,073	\$ 84,848,251	\$ 88,648,095	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	
\$ 69,989,122	\$ 74,635,897	\$	77,895,906	\$ 81,057,073	\$ 84,848,251	\$ 88,648,095	
0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

City of Clayton Statistical Section Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

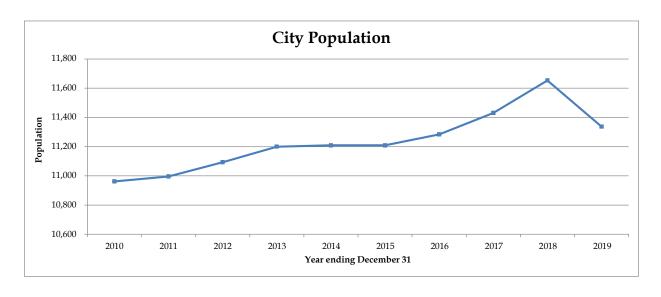
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Fiscal Year		Debt Ser	rvice ¹	
Ended	_			
June 30	Tax Increment	Principal	Interest	Coverage Ratio
2011	5,238,304	2,195,000	435,005	1.99
2012	5,064,047	610,000	323,451	5.43
2013	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	-	-
2015	-	-	-	-
2016	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department.

¹ The balance of the tax allocation bonds was transferred to the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012. Principal and interest payments are recorded through January 31, 2012.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years



Calendar Year	City Population	Personal Income (in Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	Contra Costa County Population ¹	City Population % of County
Calellual Teal	Topulation	(III Tilousalius)		Nate	County 1 opulation	70 of County
2009	10,873	574,963	52,880	2.5%	1,060,435	1.03%
2010	10,962	579,254	52,842	2.8%	1,073,055	1.02%
2011	10,996	577,972	52,562	2.5%	1,056,064	1.04%
2012	11,093	562,914	50,745	1.7%	1,065,117	1.04%
2013	11,200	567,885	50,704	1.4%	1,074,702	1.04%
2014	11,209	581,063	51,839	5.4%	1,087,008	1.03%
2015	11,209	620,092	55,320	4.4%	1,102,871	1.02%
2016	11,284	628,783	55,723	3.9%	1,123,429	1.00%
2017	11,431	656,122	57,398	3.1%	1,149,363	0.99%
2018	11,653	694,323	59,583	1.8%	1,155,879	1.01%
2019	11,337	776,778	68,517	1.4%	1,153,561	0.98%

¹ Source: California State Department of Finance Price and Population Information letter to local governments. Source of other information shown: HdL, Coren & Cone, Demographic and Economic Statistics Report.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Year	Ending	June	30
---------------	------	--------	------	----

	1 15041	icai Liidilig je	1110 30	
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function:				
General Government:				
Management Services	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Finance	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
City Clerk/Human Resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	5.30	5.30	5.30	5.30
Public Safety:				
Sworn Officers	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Non-Sworn/Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Public Works ¹	3.60	3.70	3.50	3.40
Parks & Recreation ¹	1.40	1.30	1.50	1.60
Community & Economic				
Development:				
Planning Services	2.00	1.60	1.60	1.60
Code Enforcement	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
	2.30	1.90	1.90	1.90
Totals	25.60	25.20	25.20	25.20

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department, Adopted Budgets.

¹ Full-time equivalent figure for maintenance personnel allocated to public works and parks & recreation functions based on actual

City of Clayton Statistical Section Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30

	riscai Teai Ei	lumg june 30			
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
5.30	5.30	5.30	5.30	5.30	5.30
11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
3.10	3.50	4.80	4.50	4.50	4.50
1.90	1.50	1.20	1.50	1.50	1.50
1.70	1.50	1.20	1.50	1.50	1.50
1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
25.20	25.20	26.20	26.20	26.20	26.20

City of Clayton Statistical Section Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Y	ear Ending J	une 30	
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function:				
Police:				
Police calls for service	*	*	5,962	5,858
Parking violations	*	*	125	40
Traffic citations	*	*	585	664
Physical arrests	255	182	201	137
Public Works:				
Storm drains inspected	*	*	*	*
Trees trimmed	*	*	*	*
Park maintenance (acres)	*	*	*	*
Street signs maintained	*	*	*	*
Traffic signals maintained	*	*	*	*
Streetlights maintained	*	*	*	*
Parks and Recreation Services:				
Endeavor Hall rentals (days)	*	*	*	*
Hoyer Hall rentals	*	*	*	*
Ballfields (hours rented)	*	*	*	*
Community and Economic				
Development:				
Planning permits issued	*	*	*	*
Code enforcement cases closed	*	*	*	*
Building permits issued	255	182	201	376
General Government:				
Business licenses issued	*	*	*	547
Home occupation applications	*	*	*	*
Number of recruitments	*	*	*	*

Source: Clayton Finance Department, Contra Costa County Building Department, Clayton Planning Department, Clayton Police Department, Clayton Maintenance Department.

^{*} Fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 was the first year of CAFR implementation for the City, this historical data not readily available.

City of Clayton Statistical Section Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30

	Fiscal Year Eı	nding June 30)		
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
7,303	6,730	6,650	7,497	7,545	8,419
7,303 53	53	151	132	146	572
653	518	494	506	386	289
200		494 150	169		289 94
200	219	150	169	169	94
*	500	500	500	56	500
*	70	70	70	316	412
*	19.07	19.07	19.07	19.07	19.07
*	350	350	350	17.07	212
*	13	13	13	7	13
*	1,200	1,200	1,200	89	1,196
	1,200	1,200	1,200	07	1,170
*	135	144	138	139	86
*	33	53	39	92	33
*	1,512	1,170	1,047	1,225	386
	_,	_,	_, =	_,	
*	161	107	182	187	36
*	61	93	43	79	47
430	386	403	475	424	232
707	645	777	840	741	768
	20	16	28	22	14
*	5	3	6	3	5

City of Clayton Statistical Section Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Y	ear Ending J	une 30	
		2011	2012	2013	2014
Function:					
Public Safety:					
Automated license plate readers		0	0	0	0
Police stations		1	1	1	1
Patrol units	*	*	*	*	*
Situational awareness traffic cameras		0	0	0	0
Trailers/Trucks	*	*	*	*	*
Public Works:					
City owned parking lots		6	6	6	6
Community facilities	*	*	*	*	*
Curb lane miles	*	*	*	*	*
Manholes	*	*	*	*	*
Miles of storm drains	*	*	*	*	*
Number of catch basins	*	*	*	*	*
Number of street islands/medians	*	*	*	*	*
Miles of "v" ditches	*	*	*	*	*
Parking meters		0	0	0	0
Street signs	*	*	*	*	*
Streetlights (City owned)	*	*	*	*	*
Tractors/Trailers	*	*	*	*	*
Traffic signals (intersections)	*	*	*	*	*
Work trucks	*	*	*	*	*
Parks and Recreation Services:					
Acres of city parks		19.07	19.07	19.07	19.07
Acres of landscaped area (excl. parks)		46	46	46	46
Acres of open space		515.51	515.51	515.51	515.51
Acres of parks and irrigation		50	50	50	50
Miles of creekside trails		7	7	7	7
Miles of open space trails		20	20	20	20
Number of city parks		7	7	7	7
Number of city trees		3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Number of pedestrian bridges		9	9	9	9
Number of children playgrounds		4	4	4	4
Number of playfields		4	4	4	4

City of Clayton Statistical Section Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Year	Ending	June	30
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2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
0	0	0	6	6	6
1	1	1	1	1	1
8	10	11	10	10	10
0	0	0	4	4	4
2	2	2	2	2	2
6	6	6	6	6	6
3	3	3	3	3	3
*	82	82	82	82	82
*	162	162	162	162	162
*	32.479	32.479	32.479	32.479	32.479
*	968	968	968	968	968
*	50	50	50	50	50
*	15	15	15	15	15
0	0	0	0	0	0
*	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,015	2015
*	500	500	500	500	500
11	12	13	13	14	14
13	13	13	13	13	13
8	8	8	8	7	8
19.07	19.07	19.07	19.07	19.07	19.07
46	46	46	46	46	46
515.51	515.51	515.51	515.51	515.51	515.51
50	50	50	50	50	50
7	7	7	7	7	7
20	20	20	20	20	20
7	7	7	7	7	7
3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3000
9	9	9	9	9	9
4	4	4	4	4	4
4	4	4	4	4	4

General Information: Date of Incorporation Form of Government Population Number of authorized City employees Median age Median household income Registered voters Area in square miles	March 18, 1964 Council-Manager 11,337 27 46.3 \$182,442 8,363 4.3
Miles of Streets: Lane miles Pavement condition index	44.9 80
Fire Protection (CalFire Services Clayton) Number of stations	1
Police Protection Number of stations Number of patrol vehicles Number of sworn personnel	1 10 11
Education Elementary Schools: Mt Diablo Elementary Middle Schools: Diablo View Middle School	1
Library (Contracted with Contra Costa County) Number of libraries Number of items	1 61,368
Parks & Community Facilities Park sites Park acreage Open space acreage Open space trail miles Creekside trail miles Endeavor Hall Hoyer Hall (in the library) City Hall Conference Room	7 19.07 515.51 20 7 1 1

Source: City of Clayton Finance Department, Contra Costa County Library, City of Clayton City Clerk, HdL "Demographic and Economics Statistics" Report for calendar year 2018, US Census, DataUSA.

ADDITIONAL REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Clayton, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clayton, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Clayton, California's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Clayton, California 's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clayton, California's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clayton, California's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiencies in internal control to be material weaknesses:

Continuity of Personnel

In the past couple years, the City has had significant transition in management, transitioning from interim City Managers and an interim Finance Director to a permanent City Manager and a permanent Finance Director.

With the change in management, some of the institutional knowledge and responsibilities that are essential for the smooth operation of the City were lost. As a result, the audit noted a couple of general ledger accounts that were not properly closed.

We recommend the City Council consider developing a succession plan in the event management is unable to perform their duties for a length of time due to illness, attrition, or any other reason. The succession plan should outline procedures to be implemented and a redistribution of responsibilities in the event of a temporary or permanent change. This plan will ensure that the organization will be able to conduct its operations in the orderly and efficient manner that has been the basic ingredient for its past success.

Policies and Procedures

District formal written policies and procedures around closing the general ledger should be kept up to date. Risks surrounding financial transactions are constantly evolving with increasing use of technology. Had the District's policies and procedures been updated more frequently, such as on a biennial basis, the transition in the accounting department may have gone more smoothly, including procedures for month-end, quarter-end, and year-end closing processes.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies:

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Clayton, California's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CROPPER ROWE, LLP Walnut Creek, California January 14, 2021